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TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING ACTS, 1971 and 1972

THE DISTRICT COUNCIL OF DAGORUM

IN THE COUNTY OF HERTFORD

To Mr. Sheffield, 31 Collett Road, Hemel Hempstead.

Agent: Mr. R.C. Beck
6 Maythorne Close,
Watford,

Herts. WD1 7JU

Two agricultural buildings	
Land adjoining Gristhouse Farm, Leighton Buzzard	Brief
Land adjoining Gristhouse Farm, Leighton Buzzard at Road, Piccotts End.	description and location of proposed
	development.

- (1) The development to which this permission relates shall be begun within a period of ..... 5... years commencing on the date of this notice.
- (2) The buildings hereby permitted shall be constructed externally using the materials specified on drawing number 242/01 Rev.b or such alternative materials as shall have been previously agreed in writing by the local planning authority.
- (3) Before the buildings hereby permitted are brought into use, the rendered blockwork shall be painted in a colour which shall have been agreed in writing by the local planning authority.
- (4) No work shall be started on the development hereby permitted until details of materials to be used externally shall have been submitted to, and approved by, the Local Planning Authority, and the development hereby permitted shall be carried out in the materials so approved.

No work shall be started until a comprehensive scheme of landscaping for the site shall have been submitted to, and approved by, the Local Planning Authority. This landscaping scheme shall be implemented strictly in accordance with the approved details in the first planting season following first rateable occupation of the development hereby permitted and maintained at all times thereafter to the reasonable satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority.

The reasons for the Council's decision to grant permission for the development subject to the above conditions are: -

- (1) To comply with the requirements of Section 41 of the Town & Country Planning Act, 1971.
- In the interests of visual amenity.
- (3)
- To ensure satisfactory appearance.
- To agintain and enhance visual esently. (5)

Dated	17th	day ofMerch1983
		SignedSigned.
		Designation CHIEF PLANNING . OFFICER

#### NOTE

(1) If the applicant wishes to have an explanation of the reasons for this decision it will be given on request and a meeting arranged if necessary.

(2) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment, in accordance with section 36 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971, within six months of receipt of this notice. Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Secretary of State for the Environment, Marsham Street, London, S.W.1.) The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order.

(3) If permission to develop land is refused, or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the county borough, London borough or county district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part IX of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971.

(4) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 169 of the Town and Country Planning him. Act 1971.

## IMPORTANT:- THIS COMMUNICATION AFFECTS YOUR PROPERTY

#### DACORUM BOROUGH COUNCIL

# TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

## **ENFORCEMENT NOTICE**

Breach of Planning Condition to which the 4 Year Rule applies (Operational Development or Preventing Change of Use to Single Dwellinghouse)

Land adjoining Gristhouse Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Piccotts End Hemel Hempstead Herts

#### WHEREAS:

- (1) It appears to the Dacorum Borough Council ("the Council"), being the local planning authority for the purposes of s.87 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 ("the Act") in this matter, that there has been a breach of planning control within the period of 4 years before the date of issue of this notice on the land or premises ("the land") described in Schedule 1 below.
- (2) The breach of planning control which appears to have taken place consists in the failure to comply with the following conditions subject to which planning permission was granted on 17th March 1983 for two agricultural buildings those conditions appearing not to have been complied with in the respects set out in Schedule 2 below:

#### Condition 2

The buildings hereby permitted shall be constructed externally using the materials specified on drawing number 242/01 Rev.b or such alternative materials as shall have been previously agreed in writing by the local planning authority.

#### Condition 3

Before the buildings hereby permitted are brought into use, the rendered blockwork shall be painted in a colour which shall have been agreed in writing by the local planning authority.

## Condition 5

No work shall be started until a comprehensive scheme of landscaping for the site shall have been submitted to, and approved by, the local planning authority. This landscaping scheme shall be implemented strictly in accordance with the approved details in the first planting season following first rateable occupation of the development hereby permitted and maintained at all times thereafter to the reasonable satisfaction of the local planning authority.

(3) The Council consider it expedient, having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to all other material considerations, to issue this Enforcement Notice, in exercise of their powers contained in the said section 87, for the reasons set out in the annex to this Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council require that the steps specified in Schedule 3 below be taken (in order to remedy the breach) within the period specified in respect of each step in that schedule.

THIS NOTICE SHALL TAKE EFFECT, subject to the provisons of section 88(10) of the Act, on 1st September 1985.

Issued	25th	July		1985
			("	'

(Signed) Keith Hunt,

(Designation) BOROUGH SECRETARY

Civic Centre Marlowes Hemel Hempstead Herts

## Land or premises to which this Notice relates

Land adjoining Gristhouse Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Piccotts End Hemel Hempstead Herts shown edged red on the attached plan.

## SCHEDULE 2

## Alleged breach of planning control

Failure to comply with the conditions recited overleaf, spect to the building shown as "Unit B" on approved plan 242/01 b, b, in that

## Condition 2

- A. Vertical dark stained boarding has not been provided to all elevations as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- B. The blockwork below the vertical boarding has not been rendered as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- C. The roof of the building has not been constructed in dark brown corrugated asbestos cement sheeting as shown on approved plan 242/01/Rev.b.

#### Condition 3

The building has been brought into use but no colour scheme to paint the rendered blockwork has been agreed with the local planning authority.

#### Condition 5

No comprehensive scheme of landscaping has been submitted for the approval of the local planning authority.

#### Steps to be taken

### Period for Compliance

Unless otherwise stated the period run from the date on which this notice takes effect

### Condition 2

- A. To provide vertical dark stained boarding to all elevations as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- 3 months
- B. To render the blockwork below the vertical boarding as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- 3 months
- C. To remove existing roofing materials and replace with dark brown corrugated asbestos sheeting as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- 3 months

#### Condition 3

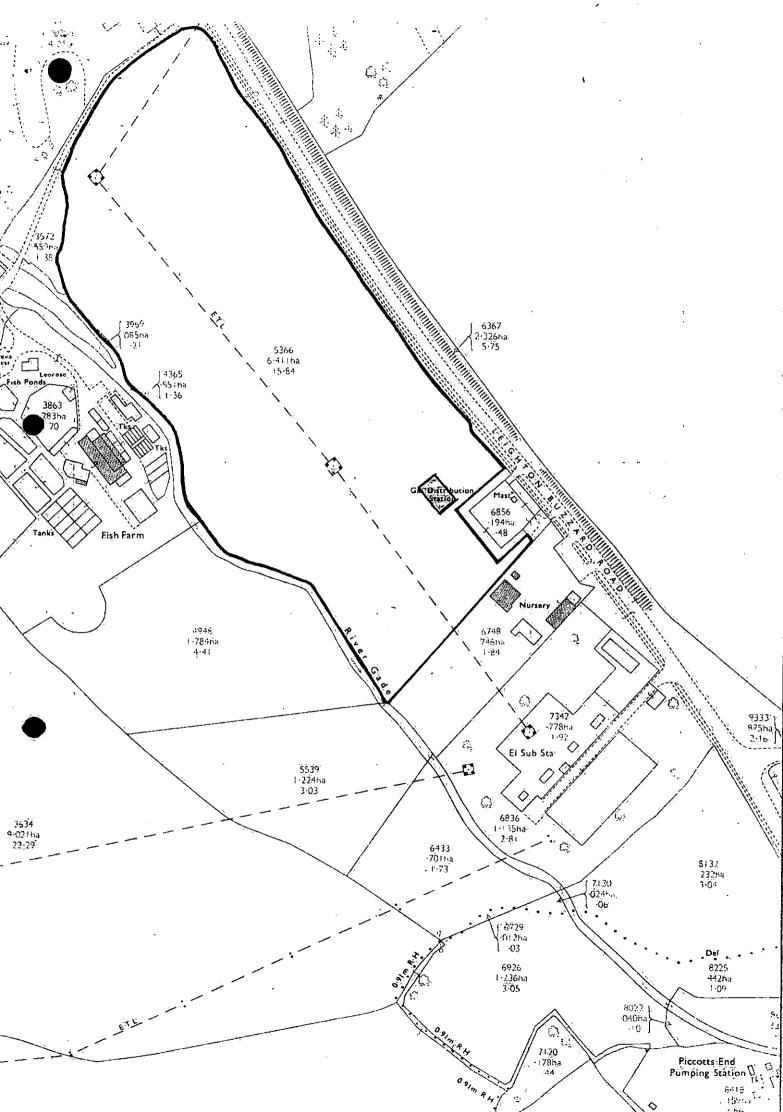
- A. To agree with the local planning authority a colour scheme for painting of the rendered blockwork.
- 1 month
- B. To paint the blockwork in the approved colour.

Within 3 months of approval of colour scheme

#### Condition 5

- A. To submit a comprehensive scheme of land-scaping for approval by the local planning authority.
- 2 months
- B. To implement the approved scheme of landscaping strictly in accordance with the approved details.

During the first planting season following the date on which this Notice takes effect.



This information is given in pursuance of the Town and Country Planning (Enforcement Notices and Appeals) Regulations 1981 and Circular 38/81.

The Council, as the Local Planning Authority, consider it expedient to serve this Notice upon you for the following reason:-

The development which is the subject of this Notice lies in an area of great landscape value, in a visually important part of the Gade Valley. Because of the environmentally sensitive nature of the site, an Article 4 Direction has been made affecting development within Class VI of Schedule I to the Town and Country Planning General Development Order 1977, to enable the local planning authority to control the location, design and external appearance of agricultural buildings. Particular care was exercised over these matters in dealing with application 4/0072/83, and the local planning authority considered that it was necessary to impose a number of conditions on the planning permission that was granted to ensure that the development would be visually and environmentally satisfactory. In view of the importance attached to these conditions, the local planning authority considers that it is expedient to take enforcement action to ensure that they are complied with.

JGV/JMS/ENF.NTC/2447/249/BS5/7.85

#### EXTRACTS from the TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

#### Power to issue enforcement notice

87.--(1) Where it appears to the local planning authority that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963, then subject to the following provisions of this section, the authority, if they consider it expedient to do so having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to any other material considerations, may issue a notice requiring the breach to be remedied and serve-copies of the notice in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(2) A notice under this section is referred to in this Act as an "enforcement notice".

(3) There is a breach of planning control—

(a) if development has been carried out, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, without the grant of the planning permission required in that behalf in accordance with Part III of the Act of 1962 or Part III of this Act; or

(b) if any conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted have not been complied with,

(4) An enforcement notice which relates to a breach of planning control consisting in-

(a) the carrying out without planning permission of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land; or

(b) the failure to comply with any condition or limitation which relates to the carrying out of such operations and subject

to which planning permission was granted for the development of that land; or
(c) the making without planning permission of a change of use of any building to use as a single dwelling-house; or
(d) the failure to comply with a condition which prohibits or has the effect of preventing a change of use of a building to use as a single dwelling-house.

may be issued only within the period of four years from the date of the breach.

(5) A copy of an enforcement notice shall be served, not later than 28 days after the date of its issue and not later than 28 days before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect—

(a) on the owner and on the occupier of the land to which it relates; and

(b) on any other person having an interest in that land, being an interest which in the opinion of the authority is materially affected by the notice.

(6) An enforcement notice shall specify the matters alleged to constitute a breach of planning control.

(7) An enforcement notice shall also specify-

(a) any steps which are required by the authority to be taken in order to remedy the breach;

(b) any such steps as are referred to in subsection (10) of this section and are required by the authority to be taken

- (8) An enforcement notice shall specify the period within which any such step as is mentioned in subsection (7) of this section is to be taken and may specify different periods for the taking of different steps.
- (9) In this section "steps to be taken in order to remedy the breach" means (according to the particular circumstances of the breach) steps for the purpose-

(a) of restoring the land to its condition before the development took place; or

(b) of securing compliance with the conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted. including-

(i) the demolition or alteration of any buildings or works;
(ii) the discontinuance of any use of land; and
(iii) the carrying out on land of any building or other operations.

(10) The steps mentioned in subsection (7)(b) of this section are steps for the purpose— (a) of making the development comply with the terms of any planning permission which has been granted in respect of the land; or

 (b) of removing or alleviating any injury to amenity which has been caused by the development.
 (11) Where the matters which an enforcement notice alleges to constitute a breach of planning control include development which has involved the making of a deposit of refuse or waste materials on land, the notice may require that the contour of the deposit shall be modified by altering the gradient or gradients of its sides in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(12) The Secretary of State may by regulations direct-

(a) that enforcement notices shall specify matters additional to those which they are required to specify by this section; and (b) that every copy of an enforcement notice served under this section shall be accompanied by an explanatory note giving such information as may be specified in the regulations with regard to the right of appeal conferred by section 88 of this Act.

(13) Subject to section 88 of this Act, an enforcement notice shall take effect on a date specified in it.

- (14) The local planning authority may withdraw an enforcement notice (without prejudice to their power to issue another) at any time before it takes effect.
  - (15) If they do so, they shall forthwith give notice of the withdrawal to every person who was served with a copy of the notice.

(16) Where-

(a) an enforcement notice has been issued in respect of development consisting of the erection of a building or the carrying out of works without the grant of planning permission; and

(b) the notice has required the taking of steps for a purpose mentioned in subsection (10)(b) of this section; and

(c) the steps have been taken,

for the purposes of this Act planning permission for the retention of the building or works as they are as a result of compliance with the notice shall be deemed to have been granted on an application for such permission made to the local planning authority.

Appeal against enforcement notice

88.—(1) A person having an interest in the land to which an enforcement notice relates may, at any time before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect, appeal to the Secretary of State against the notice, whether or not a copy of it has been served on him.

(2) An appeal may be brought on any of the following grounds-

(a) that planning permission ought to be granted for the development to which the notice relates or, as the case may be, that a condition or limitation alleged in the enforcement notice not to have been complied with ought to be discharged;

(b) that the matters alleged in the notice do not constitute a breach of planning control;

(a) that the breach of planning control alleged in the notice has not taken place;
(d) in the case of a notice which, by virtue of section 87(4) of this Act, may be issued within the period of four years from the date of the breach of planning control to which the notice relates, that that period had elapsed at the date when the notice was issued;

(e) in the case of a notice not falling within paragraph (d) of this subsection, that the breach of planning control alleged by the notice occurred before the beginning of 1964;

- (f) that copies of the enforcement notice were not served as required by section 87(5) of this Act;
  (g) that the steps required by the notice to be taken exceed what is necessary to remedy any breach of planning control or to achieve a purpose specified in section 87(10) of this Act;
- (h) that the period specified in the notice as the period within which any step is to be taken falls short of what should reasonably be allowed.

(3) An appeal under this section shall be made by notice in writing to the Secretary of State.

(4) A person who gives notice under subsection (3) of this section shall submit to the Secretary of State, either when giving the notice or within such time as may be prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section\*, a statement in writing-

(a) specifying the grounds on which he is appealing against the enforcement notice; and

(b) giving such further information as the regulations may prescribe. (5) The Secretary of State may by regulations prescribe the procedure which is to be followed on appeals under this section, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of this subsection-

• (a) may prescribe the time within which an appellant is to submit a statement under subsection (4) of this section and the matters on which information is to be given in such a statement;

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: The Secretary of State has specified that such a statement must be submitted to him either when the appellant is giving notice of appeal, or within 28 days from the date on which the Secretary of State sends the appellant a notice requiring such a statement to be submitted.

- (b) may require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the submissions which they propose to put forward on the appeal;
- (c) may specify the matters to be included in such a statement;
- (d) may require the authority or the appellant to give such notice of appeal under this section as may be prescribed, being notice which in the opinion of the Secretary of State is likely to bring the appeal to the attention of persons in the locality in which the land to which the enforcement notice relates is situated;
- (e) may require the authority to send to the Secretary of State, within such period from the date of the bringing of the appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons served with copies of it.

(6) The Secretary of State-

- (a) may dismiss an appeal if the appellant fails to comply with subsection (4) of this section within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5); and
- (b) may allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice if the local planning authority fail to comply with any requirement of regulations made by virtue of paragraph (b), (c) or (e) of subsection (5) of this section within the period prescribed by the regulations.
- (7) Subject to subsection (8) below, the Secretary of State shall, if either the appellant or the local planning authority so desire, afford to each of them an opportunity of appearing before, and being heard by, a person appointed by the Secretary of State for the
- (8) The Secretary of State shall not be required to afford such an opportunity if he proposes to dismiss an appeal under paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of this section or to allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice under paragraph (b) of that subsection.

(9) If-

- (a) a statement under subsection (4) of this section specifies more than one ground on which the appellant is appealling against an enforcement notice; but
- (b) the appellant does not give information required under paragraph (b) of that subsection to each of the specified grounds within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section

the Secretary of State may determine the appeal without considering any of the specified grounds as to which the appellant has failed to give such information within that time.

(10) Where an appeal is brought under this section, the enforcement notice shall be of no effect pending the final determination or the withdrawal of the appeal.

(11) Schedule 9 to this Act applies to appeals under this section, including appeals under this section as applied by regulations under any other provision of this Act.

88A.—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall give directions for giving

effect to the determination, including, where appropriate, directions for quashing the enforcement notice or for varying its terms.

(2) On such an appeal the Secretary of State may correct any informality, defect or error in the enforcement notice, or give directions for varying its terms, if he is satisfied that the correction or variation can be made without injustice to the appellant or to the local planning authority.

(3) Where it would otherwise be a ground for determining such an appeal in favour of the appellant that a person required to be served with a copy of the enforcement notice was not served, the Secretary of State may disregard that fact if neither the appellant nor that person has been substantially prejudiced by the failure to serve him.

88B.—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State may—

(a) grant planning permission for the development to which the enforcement notice relates or for part of that development or for the development of part of the land to which the enforcement notice relates:

(b) discharge any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted;
(c) determine any purpose for which the land may, in the circumstances obtaining at the time of the determination, be lawfully used having regard to any past use of it and to any planning permission relating to it.

(2) In considering whether to grant planning permission under subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall have regard to the provisions of the development plan, so far as material to the subject matter of the enforcement notice, and to any other material considerations; and any planning permission granted by him under that subsection may—

(a) include permission to retain or complete any buildings or works on the land, or to do so without complying with some condition attached to a previous planning permission;

(b) be granted subject to such conditions as the Secretary of State thinks fit;

and where under that subsection he discharges a condition or limitation, he may substitute another condition or limitation for it, whether more or less onerous.

(3) Where an appeal against an enforcement notice is brought under section 88 of this Act, the appellant shall be deemed to have made an application for planning permission for the development to which the notice relates and, in relation to any exercise by the Secretary of State of his powers under subsection (1) of this section-

(a) any planning permission granted under that subsection shall be treated as granted on that application;

- (b) in relation to a grant of planning permission or a determination under that subsection, the Secretary of State's decision shall be final; and
- (c) for the purposes of section 34 of this Act, the decision shall be treated as having been given by the Secretary of State in dealing with an application for planning permission made to the local planning authority.
- (4) On an appeal under section 88 of this Act against an enforcement notice relating to anything done in contravention of a condition to which section 71 of this Act applies, the Secretary of State shall not be required to entertain the appeal in so far as the appellant claims that planning permission free from that condition ought to be granted.

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

89.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a copy of an enforcement notice has been served on the person who, at the time when the copy was served on him, was the owner of the land to which the notice relates, then, if any steps required by the notice to

be taken (other than the discontinuance of a use of land) have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, that person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £1,000 or on conviction on indictment to a fine.

(2) If a person against whom proceedings are brought under subsection (1) of this section has, at some time before the end of the period allowed for compliance with the notice, ceased to be the owner of the land, he shall, upon information duly laid by him, and on giving to the prosecution not less than three clear days' notice of his intention, be entitled to have the person who then became the owner of the land (in this section referred to as "the subsequent owner") brought before the court in the proceedings.

(3) If, after it has been proved that any steps required by the enforcement notice have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, the original defendant proves that the failure to take those steps were attributable, in whole or in part, to the default of the subsequent owner-

(a) the subsequent owner may be convicted of the offence; and

- (b) the original defendant, if he further proves that he took all reasonable steps to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, shall be acquitted of the offence.
- (4) If, after a person has been convicted under the preceding provisons of this section, he does not as soon as practicable do everything in his power to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable—
  - (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day following his first conviction on which any of the requirements of the enforcement notice (other than the discontinuance of the use of land) remain unfulfilled; or

(b) on conviction on indictment to a fine.

- (5) Where, by virtue of an enforcement notice, a use of land is required to be discontinued, or any conditions or limitations are required to be complied with in respect of a use of land or in respect of the carrying out of operations thereon, then if any person uses the land or causes or permits it to be used, or carries out those operations or causes or permits them to be carried out, in contravention of the notice, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeing £1,000, or on conviction on indictment to a fine; and if the use is continued after the conviction he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day on which the use is so continued, or on conviction on indictment to a fine.
- (6) Any reference to this section to the period allowed for compliance with an enforcement notice is a reference to the period specified in the notice for compliance therewith of such extended period as the local planning authority may allow for compliance

Note.—Attention is also directed to section 91 relating to the execution and costs of works required by enforcement notice, section 110 which contains supplementary provisions as to appeals to the Secretary of State and section 243 relating to the validity of

OF ENFORCEMENT NOTICE AS AMENDED BY SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE ENVIRONMENTALINAL SUCCESSARIANCE

## COMMUNICATION AFFECTS YOUR PROPERTY

- (a)

17

DACORUM BOROUGH

Council

## **TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971** (as amended)

## **Enforcement Notice**

Material Change of Use

WHEREAS:  (1) It appears to the(a) Dacorum Borough Council ("the Council"),
being the local planning authority for the purposes of section 87 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 ("the Act") in this matter, that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963 <sup>(c)</sup>
on the land or premises ("the land") described in Schedule 1 below.
(2) The breach of planning control which appears to have taken place consists in the carrying out of development by the making of the material change in the use of the land described in Schedule 2 below, without the grant of planning permission required for that development.
(3) The Council consider it expedient, having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to all other material considerations, to issue this enforcement notice, in exercise of their powers contained in the said section 87, for the reasons set out in [the annex to] this notice. (d)
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council require that the steps specified in Schedule 3 below be taken [in order to remedy the breach] [(e)
TWELVE MONTHS  within [the period ofsix
THIS NOTICE SHALL TAKE EFFECT, subject to the provisions of section 88 (10) of the Act, on 1989. (8)
Issued 14 Septimize 1989.  Council's address — (Signed) WHILLI.  Civic Centre (Designation) BOROUGH SECRETARY  Hemel Hempstead (The officer appointed for this purpose)  Hertfordshire HP1 1HH  CONTINUED OVERLEAF — P.T.O.
NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY  (a) Insert the name of the Council issuing the notice.
<ul> <li>(a) Insert the name of the Council issuing the notice.</li> <li>(b) Insert the address or a description of the land to which the notice relates.</li> <li>(c) Where section 87(4)(c) of the Act applies insert "and within the period of 4 years before the date of issue of this notice."</li> <li>(d) See paragraph 29 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular 57/81).</li> <li>(e) Or, as the case may be, having regard to section 87(7)(a) and (b) of the Act. Where steps are required to be taken for more than one of the purposes provided for in section 87, the purpose for which each step is required should be specified in Schedule 3. Steps may be required as alternatives.</li> <li>(f) If a single period is to be specified, by which all the required steps must be taken, insert it here. But if a series of steps is required to be taken, with a different compliance period for ach step, the appropriate period should be clearly stated against each step (in</li> </ul>

(g) The date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the copies of the notice will have been served (see section 87(5) of

columns if more suitable) in Schedule 3.

Land or premises to which this notice relates (Address or description)

> Long Meadow Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Hemel Hempstead

shown edged [red] [

l on the attached plan. (h)

## SCHEDULE 2

Alleged breach of planning control

(description of the material change of use alleged to have been made) (j)

Change of use from use for agriculture to a mixed use of use for agriculture and use for stationing of a caravan used for residential purposes.

## SCHEDULE 3

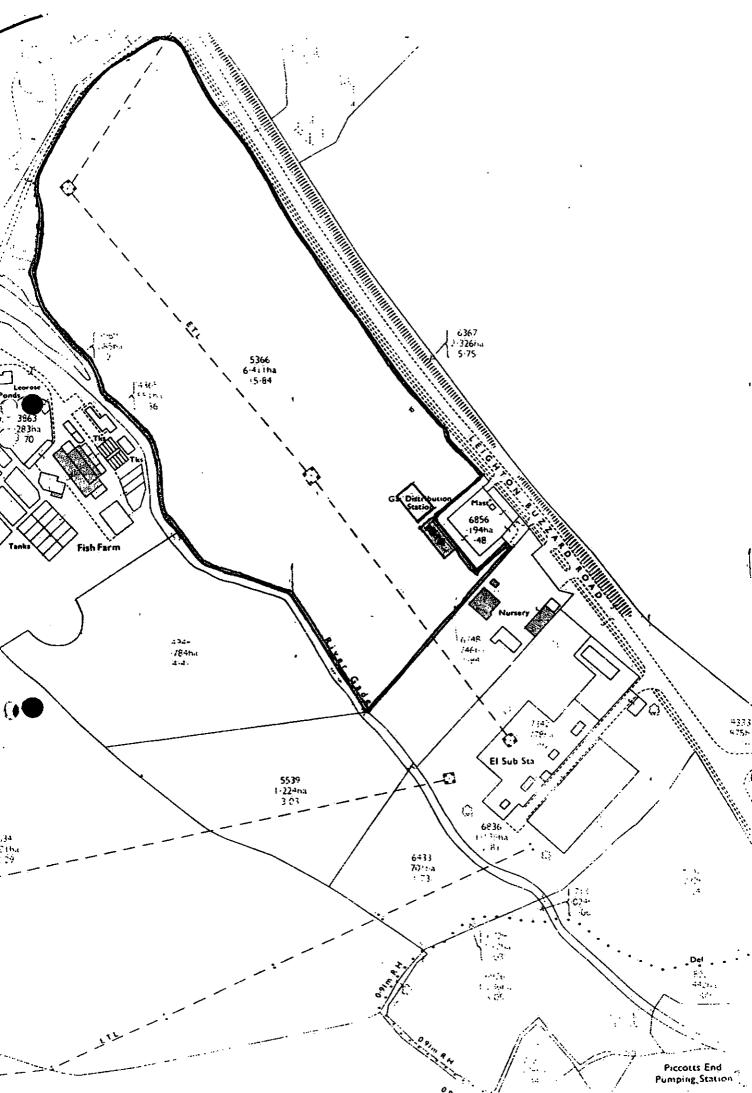
Steps required to be taken.(k)

(i)

Cease the use of the land for the stationing of a caravan for residential purposes.

NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY

<sup>(</sup>h) See paragraph 31 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular 57/81).
(j) If the new use is a mixed use, include all the uses comprising that mixed use.
(k) Specify the actual steps to be taken with, if appropriate, the compliance period for each step. The requirements should be clear and precise. See also notes (e) and (f) overleaf.



# ANNEX TO ENFORCEMENT NOTICE DATED: 14 September 1989

This information is given in pursuance of the Town and Country Planning (Enforcement Notices and Appeals)Regulations 1981 and Circular 38/81

The Council, as the local planning authority, consider it expedient to serve this Notice upon you for the following reason(s):-

The site is within the Metropolitan Green Belt on the adopted Dacorum District Plan wherein permission will only be given for use of land, the construction of new buildings, changes of use of existing buildings for agriculture or other essential purposes appropriate to a rural area or small scale facilities for participatory sport or recreation. No such need has been proven and the proposed development is unacceptable in the terms of this policy.

(b) may require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the (b) may require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the submissions which they propose to put forward on the appeal;
(c) may specify the matters to be included in such a statement;
(d) may require the authority or the appellant to give such notice of appeal under this section as may be prescribed, being notice which in the opinion of the Secretary of State is likely to bring the appeal to the attention of persons in the locality in which the land to which the enforcement notice relates is situated;
(e) may require the authority to send to the Secretary of State, within such period from the date of the bringing of the appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons carried with conics of its appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons served with copies of it. (6) The Secretary of State-(a) may dismiss an appeal if the appellant fails to comply with subsection (4) of this section within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5); and (b) may allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice if the local planning authority fail to comply with any requirement of regulations made by virtue of paragraph (b), (c) or (e) of subsection (5) of this section within the period prescribed by the (7) Subject to subsection (8) below, the Secretary of State shall, if either the appellant or the local planning authority so desire, afford to each of them an opportunity of appearing before, and being heard by, a person appointed by the Secretary of State for the (8) The Secretary of State shall not be required to afford such an opportunity if he proposes to dismiss an appeal under paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of this section or to allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice under paragraph (b) of that subsection. (9) If— (a) a statement under subsection (4) of this section specifies more than one ground on which the appellant is appealling against an enforcement notice; but (b) the appellant does not give information required under paragraph (b) of that subsection to each of the specified grounds within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section, the Secretary of State may determine the appeal without considering any of the specified grounds as to which the appellant has failed to give such information within that time. (10) Where an appeal is brought under this section, the enforcement notice shall be of no effect pending the final determination or the withdrawal of the appeal. (11) Schedule 9 to this Act applies to appeals under this section, including appeals under this section as applied by regulations

effect to the determination, including, where appropriate, directions for quashing the enforcement notice or for varying its terms.

(2) On such an appeal the Secretary of State may correct any informality, defect or error in the enforcement notice, or give directions for varying its terms, if he is satisfied that the correction or variation can be made without injustice to the appellant or to the local planning authority.

88A.—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall give directions for giving

- (3) Where it would otherwise be a ground for determining such an appeal in favour of the appellant that a person required to be served with a copy of the enforcement notice was not served, the Secretary of State may disregard that fact if neither the appellant nor that person has been substantially prejudiced by the failure to serve him.
  - 88B.—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State may-(a) grant planning permission for the development to which the enforcement notice relates or for part of that development or for the development of part of the land to which the enforcement notice relates; (b) discharge any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted;

(c) determine any purpose for which the land may, in the circumstances obtaining at the time of the determination, be lawfully used having regard to any past use of it and to any planning permission relating to it.

(2) In considering whether to grant planning permission under subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall have regard to the provisions of the development plan, so far as material to the subject matter of the enforcement notice, and to any other material considerations; and any planning permission granted by him under that subsection may—

(a) include permission to retain or complete any buildings or works on the land, or to do so without complying with some condition attached to a previous planning permission;

(b) be granted subject to such conditions as the Secretary of State thinks fit;
and where under that subsection he discharges a condition or limitation, he may substitute another condition or limitation for it, whether more or less onerous.

(3) Where an appeal against an enforcement notice is brought under section 88 of this Act, the appellant shall be deemed to have made an application for planning permission for the development to which the notice relates and, in relation to any exercise by the Secretary of State of his powers under subsection (1) of this section-

(a) any planning permission granted under that subsection shall be treated as granted on that application;

(b) in relation to a grant of planning permission or a determination under that subsection, the Secretary of State's decision shall be final; and (c) for the purposes of section 34 of this Act, the decision shall be treated as having been given by the Secretary of State in

dealing with an application for planning permission made to the local planning authority

(4) On an appeal under section 88 of this Act against an enforcement notice relating to anything done in contravention of a condition to which section 71 of this Act applies, the Secretary of State shall not be required to entertain the appeal in so far as the appellant claims that planning permission free from that condition ought to be granted.

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

under any other provision of this Act.

89.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a copy of an enforcement notice has been served on the person who, at the time when the copy was served on him, was the owner of the land to which the notice relates, then, if any steps required by the notice to be taken (other than the discontinuance of a use of land) have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice,

be taken (other than the discontinuance of a use of land) have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, that person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding£2,000 or on conviction on indictment to a fine.

(2) If a person against whom proceedings are brought under subsection (1) of this section has, at some time before the end of the period allowed for compliance with the notice, ceased to be the owner of the land, he shall, upon information duly laid by him, and on giving to the prosecution not less than three clear days' notice of his intention, be entitled to have the person who then became the owner of the land (in this section referred to as "the subsequent owner") brought before the court in the proceedings.

(3) If, after it has been proved that any steps required by the enforcement notice have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, the original defendant proves that the failure to take those steps were attributable, in whole or in part, to the default of the subsequent owner-

- (a) the subsequent owner may be convicted of the offence; and (b) the original defendant, if he further proves that he took all reasonable steps to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, shall be acquitted of the offence.
- (4) If, after a person has been convicted under the preceding provisons of this section, he does not as soon as practicable do everything in his power to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable—

  (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day following his first conviction on which any of the

requirements of the enforcement notice (other than the discontinuance of the use of land) remain unfulfilled; or

(b) on conviction on indictment to a fine.

- (5) Where, by virtue of an enforcement notice, a use of land is required to be discontinued, or any conditions or limitations are required to be complied with in respect of a use of land or in respect of the carrying out of operations thereon, then if any person uses the land or causes or permits it to be used, or carries out those operations or causes or permits them to be carried out, in contravention of the notice, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2,000, or on conviction on indictment to a fine; and if the use is continued after the conviction he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day on which the use is so continued, or on conviction on indictment to a fine.
- 6) Any reference to this section to the period allowed for compliance with an enforcement notice is a reference to the period specified in the notice for compliance therewith of such extended period as the local planning authority may allow for compliance with the notice.

Note.—Attention is also directed to section 91 relating to the execution and costs of works required by enforcement notice, section 110 State and section 243 relating to the validity of

## EXTRACTS from the TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

#### Power to issue enforcement notice

87.—(1) Where it appears to the local planning authority that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963, then subject to the following provisions of this section, the authority, if they consider it expedient to do so having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to any other material considerations, may issue a notice requiring the breach to be remedied and serve copies of the notice in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(2) A notice under this section is referred to in this Act as an "enforcement notice".

(3) There is a breach of planning control-

(a) if development has been carried out, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, without the grant of the planning permission required in that behalf in accordance with Part III of the Act of 1962 or Part III of this Act; or (b) if any conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted have not been complied with.

(4) An enforcement notice which relates to a breach of planning control consisting in-

(a) the carrying out without planning permission of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under

(b) the failure to comply with any condition or limitation which relates to the carrying out of such operations and subject to which planning permission was granted for the development of that land; or

(c) the making without planning permission of a change of use of any building to use as a single dwelling-house; or (d) the failure to comply with a condition which prohibits or has the effect of preventing a change of use of a building to use as a single dwelling-house.

may be issued only within the period of four years from the date of the breach.

(5) A copy of an enforcement notice shall be served, not later than 28 days after the date of its issue and not later than 28 days before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect-

(a) on the owner and on the occupier of the land to which it relates; and

(b) on any other person having an interest in that land, being an interest which in the opinion of the authority is materially affected by the notice.

(6) An enforcement notice shall specify the matters alleged to constitute a breach of planning control.
 (7) An enforcement notice shall also specify—

(a) any steps which are required by the authority to be taken in order to remedy the breach;

 (b) any such steps as are referred to in subsection (10) of this section and are required by the authority to be taken.
 (8) An enforcement notice shall specify the period within which any such step as is mentioned in subsection (7) of this section is to be taken and may specify different periods for the taking of different steps.

(9) In this section "steps to be taken in order to remedy the breach" means (according to the particular circumstances of the breach) steps for the purpose

(a) of restoring the land to its condition before the development took place; or (b) of securing compliance with the conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted, including-

(i) the demolition or alteration of any buildings or works;

(ii) the discontinuance of any use of land; and (iii) the carrying out on land of any building or other operations.

(10) The steps mentioned in subsection (7)(b) of this section are steps for the purpose-

(a) of making the development comply with the terms of any planning permission which has been granted in respect of the

b) of removing or alleviating any injury to amenity which has been caused by the development.

(11) Where the matters which an enforcement notice alleges to constitute a breach of planning control include development which has involved the making of a deposit of refuse or waste materials on land, the notice may require that the contour of the deposit shall be modified by altering the gradient or gradients of its sides in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(12) The Secretary of State may by regulations direct—

(a) that enforcement notices shall specify matters additional to those which they are required to specify by this section; and (b) that every copy of an enforcement notice served under this section shall be accompanied by an explanatory note giving such information as may be specified in the regulations with regard to the right of appeal conferred by section 88 of this Act.

(13) Subject to section 88 of this Act, an enforcement notice shall take effect on a date specified in it.

(14) The local planning authority may withdraw an enforcement notice (without prejudice to their power to issue another) at any time before it takes effect.

(15) If they do so, they shall forthwith give notice of the withdrawal to every person who was served with a copy of the notice.

(16) Where-

(a) an enforcement notice has been issued in respect of development consisting of the erection of a building or the carrying out of works without the grant of planning permission; and
(b) the notice has required the taking of steps for a purpose mentioned in subsection (10)(b) of this section; and

(c) the steps have been taken,

for the purposes of this Act planning permission for the retention of the building or works as they are as a result of compliance with the notice shall be deemed to have been granted on an application for such permission made to the local planning authority.

Appeal against enforcement notice

88.—(1) A person having an interest in the land to which an enforcement notice relates may, at any time before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect, appeal to the Secretary of State against the notice, whether or not a copy of it has been served on him.

(2) An appeal may be brought on any of the following grounds-

(a) that planning permission ought to be granted for the development to which the notice relates or, as the case may be, that a condition or limitation alleged in the enforcement notice not to have been complied with ought to be discharged;

(b) that the matters alleged in the notice do not constitute a breach of planning control;
(c) that the breach of planning control alleged in the notice has not taken place;
(d) in the case of a notice which, by virtue of section 87(4) of this Act, may be issued within the period of four years from the date of the breach of planning control to which the notice relates, that that period had clapsed at the date when the notice was issued;

(e) in the case of a notice not falling within paragraph (d) of this subsection, that the breach of planning control alleged by the notice occurred before the beginning of 1964;

(f) that copies of the enforcement notice were not served as required by section 87(5) of this Act;
(g) that the steps required by the notice to be taken exceed what is necessary to remedy any breach of planning control or to achieve a purpose specified in section 87(10) of this Act;

(h) that the period specified in the notice as the period within which any step is to be taken falls short of what should reason-

(3) An appeal under this section shall be made by notice in writing to the Secretary of State.

(4) A person who gives notice under subsection (3) of this section shall submit to the Secretary of State, either when giving the notice or within such time as may be prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section\*, a statement in writing—

(a) specifying the grounds on which he is appealing against the enforcement notice; and (b) giving such further information as the regulations may prescribe.

(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations prescribe the procedure which is to be followed on appeals under this section, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of this subsection-

• (a) may prescribe the time within which an appellant is to submit a statement under subsection (4) of this section and the matters on which information is to be given in such a statement;

\*NOTE: The Secretary of State has specified that such a statement must be submitted to him either when the appellant is giving notice of appeal, or within 28 days from the date on which the Secretary of State sends the appellant a notice requiring such a statement to be submitted.

(a)

DACORUM BOROUGH

Council

## **TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971** (as amended)

## **Enforcement Notice**

Material Change of Use

LONG MEADON CADA LETONTON DUE	
(b) LONG MEADOW FARM LEIGHTON BUZZARD ROAD	
PICCOTTS END HEMEL HEMPSTEAD	
	. • -
WHEREAS:	
(1) It appears to the <sup>(a)</sup> Dacorum Borough Council ("the Council being the local planning authority for the purposes of section 87 of the Town and Coun Planning Act 1971 ("the Act") in this matter, that there has been a breach of planning cont after the end of 1963 <sup>(c)</sup>	
on the land or premises ("the land") described in Schedule 1 below.	
(2) The breach of planning control which appears to have taken place consists in the carryi out of development by the making of the material change in the use of the land described Schedule 2 below, without the grant of planning permission required for that development.	ng in
(3) The Council consider it expedient, having regard to the provisions of the developme plan and to all other material considerations, to issue this enforcement notice, in exercise of the powers contained in the said section 87, for the reasons set out in [the annex to] this notice. (d)	nt ir
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council require that the steps specified in Schedule pelow be taken [in order to remedy the breach] [(e)	3
within [the period of six [days] [months] from the date on which this notice akes effect] [the period spread spread education of the control	] :e
THIS NOTICE SHALL TAKE EFFECT, subject to the provisions of section 88 (10) of the Action 1979. (8)	ŧ,
14H NOVENICO 1989.(8)	/
ssued LOH October 1989	
Council's address — (Signed) VIM H MM	
1V1C Centre	
arlowes (Designation) BOROUGH SECRETARY	
emel Hempstead (The officer appointed for this purpose) ertfordshire HP1 1HH CONTINUED OVERLEAF — P.T.O.	
NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANTAGE	_

#### NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY

(a) Insert the name of the Council issuing the notice.
(b) Insert the address or a description of the land to which the notice relates.
(c) Where section 87(4)(c) of the Act applies insert "and within the period of 4 years before the date of issue of this notice."
(d) See paragraph 29 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular 57/81).
(e) Or, as the case may be, having regard to section 87(7)(a) and (b) of the Act. Where steps are required to be taken for more than one of the purposes provided for in section 87, the purpose for which each step is required should be specified in Schedule 3.
(f) If a single period is to be specified, by which all the required steps must be taken, insert it here. But if a series of steps is required to be taken, with a different compliance period for ach step, the appropriate period should be clearly stated against each step (in columns if more suitable) in Schedule 3.
(g) The date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the copies of the notice will have been served (see section 87(5)) of

(g) The date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the copies of the notice will have been served (see section 87(5) of the Act).

Cat No TOB INC

Land or premises to which this notice relates (Address or description)

> Long Meadow Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Hemel Hempstead

shown edged [red] [

] on the attached plan. (h)

## SCHEDULE 2

Alleged breach of planning control (description of the material change of use alleged to have been made) (j)

> Change of use from use for agriculture to a mixed use of use for agriculture and use for stationing of a caravan used for residential purposes.

## SCHEDULE 3

Steps required to be taken.(k)

(i)

Cease the use of the land for the stationing of a caravan for residential purposes.

## NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY

<sup>(</sup>h) See paragraph 31 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular 57/81).
(j) If the new use is a mixed use, include all the uses comprising that mixed use.
(k) Specify the actual steps to be taken with, if appropriate, the compliance period for each step. The requirements should be clear and precise. See also notes (e) and (f) overleaf.

## EXTRACTS from the TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

#### Power to issue enforcement notice

87.—(1) Where it appears to the local planning authority that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963, then of the development plan and to any other material considerations, may issue a notice requiring the breach to be remedied and serve copies of the notice in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(2) A notice under this section is referred to in this Act as an "enforcement notice".

(3) There is a breach of planning control-

(a) if development has been carried out, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, without the grant of the planning permission required in that behalf in accordance with Part III of the Act of 1962 or Part III of this Act; or (b) if any conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted have not been complied with.

(4) An enforcement notice which relates to a breach of planning control consisting in-(a) the carrying out without planning permission of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land; or

(b) the failure to comply with any condition or limitation which relates to the carrying out of such operations and subject to which planning permission was granted for the development of that land, or

(c) the making without planning permission of a change of use of any building to use as a single dwelling-house; or (d) the failure to comply with a condition which prohibits or has the effect of preventing a change of use of a building to use as a single dwelling-house.

may be issued only within the period of four years from the date of the breach.

(5) A copy of an enforcement notice shall be served, not later than 28 days after the date of its issue and not later than 28 days before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect—

(a) on the owner and on the occupier of the land to which it relates; and

(b) on any other person having an interest in that land, being an interest which in the opinion of the authority is materially affected by the notice.

An enforcement notice shall specify the matters alleged to constitute a breach of planning control.

(7) An enforcement notice shall also specify-

(a) any steps which are required by the authority to be taken in order to remedy the breach;

(b) any such steps as are referred to in subsection (10) of this section and are required by the authority to be taken.

(8) An enforcement notice shall specify the period within which any such step as is mentioned in subsection (7) of this section is to be taken and may specify different periods for the taking of different steps.

(9) In this section "steps to be taken in order to remedy the breach" means (according to the particular circumstances of the breach) steps for the purpose-

(a) of restoring the land to its condition before the development took place; or

(b) of securing compliance with the conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted, including.

(i) the demolition or alteration of any buildings or works;

(ii) the discontinuance of any use of land; and
(iii) the carrying out on land of any building or other operations.

(10) The steps mentioned in subsection (7)(b) of this section are steps for the purpose— (a) of making the development comply with the terms of any planning permission which has been granted in respect of the

land: or

(b) of removing or alleviating any injury to amenity which has been caused by the development.(11) Where the matters which an enforcement notice alleges to constitute a breach of planning control include development which has involved the making of a deposit of refuse or waste materials on land, the notice may require that the contour of the deposit shall be modified by altering the gradient or gradients of its sides in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(12) The Secretary of State may by regulations direct-

(a) that enforcement notices shall specify matters additional to those which they are required to specify by this section; and (b) that every copy of an enforcement notice served under this section shall be accompanied by an explanatory note giving such information as may be specified in the regulations with regard to the right of appeal conferred by section 88 of this Act.

(13) Subject to section 88 of this Act, an enforcement notice shall take effect on a date specified in it.

- (14) The local planning authority may withdraw an enforcement notice (without prejudice to their power to issue another) at any time before it takes effect.
  - (15) If they do so, they shall forthwith give notice of the withdrawal to every person who was served with a copy of the notice.

(16) Where-

(a) an enforcement notice has been issued in respect of development consisting of the erection of a building or the carrying out of works without the grant of planning permission; and

(b) the notice has required the taking of steps for a purpose mentioned in subsection (10)(b) of this section; and (c) the steps have been taken.

for the purposes of this Act planning permission for the retention of the building or works as they are as a result of compliance with the notice shall be deemed to have been granted on an application for such permission made to the local planning authority.

Appeal against enforcement notice

88.—(1) A person having an interest in the land to which an enforcement notice relates may, at any time before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect, appeal to the Secretary of State against the notice, whether or not a copy of it has been served on him.

(2) An appeal may be brought on any of the following grounds—
(a) that planning permission ought to be granted for the development to which the notice relates or, as the case may be, that a condition or limitation alleged in the enforcement notice not to have been complied with ought to be discharged;

(b) that the matters alleged in the notice do not constitute a breach of planning control; (c) that the breach of planning control alleged in the notice has not taken place;

(d) in the case of a notice which, by virtue of section 87(4) of this Act, may be issued within the period of four years from the date of the breach of planning control to which the notice relates, that that period had elapsed at the date when the notice was issued; (e) in the case of a notice not falling within paragraph (d) of this subsection, that the breach of planning control alleged by the notice occurred before the beginning of 1964;

) that copies of the enforcement notice were not served as required by section 87(5) of this Act;

(g) that the steps required by the notice to be taken exceed what is necessary to remedy any breach of planning control or to achieve a purpose specified in section 87(10) of this Act;

(h) that the period specified in the notice as the period within which any step is to be taken falls short of what should reasonably be allowed.

(3) An appeal under this section shall be made by notice in writing to the Secretary of State.
(4) A person who gives notice under subsection (3) of this section shall submit to the Secretary of State, either when giving the notice or within such time as may be prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section\*, a statement in writing-

(a) specifying the grounds on which he is appealing against the enforcement notice; and
(b) giving such further information as the regulations may prescribe.

(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations prescribe the procedure which is to be followed on appeals under this section, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of this subsection—

• (a) may prescribe the time within which an appellant is to submit a statement under subsection (4) of this section and the matters on which information is to be given in such a statement;

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: The Secretary of State has specified that such a statement must be submitted to him either when the appellant is giving notice of appeal, or within 28 days from the date on which the Secretary of State could be appellant a notice requiring

(b) may require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the submissions which they propose to put forward on the appeal;

(c) may specify the matters to be included in such a statement;

- (d) may require the authority or the appellant to give such notice of appeal under this section as may be prescribed, being notice which in the opinion of the Secretary of State is likely to bring the appeal to the attention of persons in the
- locality in which the land to which the enforcement notice relates is situated;

  (e) may require the authority to send to the Secretary of State, within such period from the date of the bringing of the appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons served with copies of it.

(6) The Secretary of State-

(a) may dismiss an appeal if the appellant fails to comply with subsection (4) of this section within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5); and

(b) may allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice if the local planning authority fail to comply with any requirement of regulations made by virtue of paragraph (b), (c) or (e) of subsection (5) of this section within the period prescribed by the regulations.

(7) Subject to subsection (8) below, the Secretary of State shall, if either the appellant or the local planning authority so desire afford to each of them an opportunity of appearing before, and being heard by, a person appointed by the Secretary of State for the purpose.

(8) The Secretary of State shall not be required to afford such an opportunity if he proposes to dismiss an appeal under paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of this section or to allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice under paragraph (b) of that subsection.

(9) If-

(a) a statement under subsection (4) of this section specifies more than one ground on which the appellant is appealling against an enforcement notice; but

(b) the appellant does not give information required under paragraph (b) of that subsection to each of the specified grounds within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section,

the Secretary of State may determine the appeal without considering any of the specified grounds as to which the appellant has failed to give such information within that time.

(10) Where an appeal is brought under this section, the enforcement notice shall be of no effect pending the final determination or the withdrawal of the appeal.

(11) Schedule 9 to this Act applies to appeals under this section, including appeals under this section as applied by regulations under any other provision of this Act.

88A.—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall give directions for giving

effect to the determination, including, where appropriate, directions for quashing the enforcement notice or for varying its terms.

(2) On such an appeal the Secretary of State may correct any informality, defect or error in the enforcement notice, or give directions for varying its terms, if he is satisfied that the correction or variation can be made without injustice to the appellant or to the local planning authority.

(3) Where it would otherwise be a ground for determining such an appeal in favour of the appellant that a person required to be served with a copy of the enforcement notice was not served, the Secretary of State may disregard that fact if neither the appellant nor that person has been substantially prejudiced by the failure to serve him.

88B.—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State may-

(a) grant planning permission for the development to which the enforcement notice relates or for part of that development or for the development of part of the land to which the enforcement notice relates;

(b) discharge any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted;

(c) determine any purpose for which the land may, in the circumstances obtaining at the time of the determination, be lawfully used having regard to any past use of it and to any planning permission relating to it.

(2) In considering whether to grant planning permission under subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall have regard to the provisions of the development plan, so far as material to the subject matter of the enforcement notice, and to any other material considerations; and any planning permission granted by him under that subsection may—

(a) include permission to retain or complete any buildings or works on the land, or to do so without complying with some

condition attached to a previous planning permission;
(b) be granted subject to such conditions as the Secretary of State thinks fit;
and where under that subsection he discharges a condition or limitation, he may substitute another condition or limitation for it, whether more or less onerous.

(3) Where an appeal against an enforcement notice is brought under section 88 of this Act, the appellant shall be deemed to have made an application for planning permission for the development to which the notice relates and, in relation to any exercise by the Secretary of State of his powers under subsection (1) of this section—

(a) any planning permission granted under that subsection shall be treated as granted on that application;

(b) in relation to a grant of planning permission or a determination under that subsection, the Secretary of State's decision shall be final; and

(c) for the purposes of section 34 of this Act, the decision shall be treated as having been given by the Secretary of State in dealing with an application for planning permission made to the local planning authority.

(4) On an appeal under section 88 of this Act against an enforcement notice relating to anything done in contravention of a condition to which section 71 of this Act applies, the Secretary of State shall not be required to entertain the appeal in so far as the appellant claims that planning permission free from that condition ought to be granted.

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

89.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a copy of an enforcement notice has been served on the person who, at the time when the copy was served on him, was the owner of the land to which the notice relates, then, if any steps required by the notice to be taken (other than the discontinuance of a use of land) have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, that person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2,000-or on conviction on indictment to a fine.

(2) If a person against whom proceedings are brought under subsection (1) of this section has, at some time before the end of the period allowed for compliance with the notice, ceased to be the owner of the land, he shall, upon information duly laid by him, and on giving to the prosecution not less than three clear days' notice of his intention, be entitled to have the person who then became the owner of the land (in this section referred to as "the subsequent owner") brought before the court in the proceedings.

(3) If, after it has been proved that any steps required by the enforcement notice have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, the original defendant proves that the failure to take those steps were attributable, in whole or in part, to the default of the subsequent owner-

- (a) the subsequent owner may be convicted of the offence; and
  (b) the original defendant, if he further proves that he took all reasonable steps to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, shall be acquitted of the offence.
- (4) If, after a person has been convicted under the preceding provisions of this section, he does not as soon as practicable do everything in his power to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable—

  (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day following his first conviction on which any of the

requirements of the enforcement notice (other than the discontinuance of the use of land) remain unfulfilled; or

(b) on conviction on indictment to a fine.

- (5) Where, by virtue of an enforcement notice, a use of land is required to be discontinued, or any conditions or limitations are required to be complied with in respect of a use of land or in respect of the carrying out of operations thereon, then if any person uses the land or causes or permits it to be used, or carries out those operations or causes or permits them to be carried out, in contravention of the notice, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2,000, or on conviction on indictment to a fine; and if the use is continued after the conviction he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day on which the use is so continued, or on conviction on indictment to a fine.
- (6) Any reference to this section to the period allowed for compliance with an enforcement notice is a reference to the period specified in the notice for compliance therewith of such extended period as the local planning authority may allow for compliance with the notice.

# ANNEX TO ENFORCEMENT NOTICE DATED: 1016 OCTOBER 1959

This information is given in pursuance of the Town and Country Planning (Enforcement Notices and Appeals) Regulations 1981 and Circular 38/81

The Council, as the local planning authority, consider it expedient to serve this Notice upon you for the following reasons(s):-

The site is within the Metropolitan Green Belt on the adopted Dacorum District Plan wherein permission will only be given for use of land, the construction of new buildings, changes of use of existing buildings for agriculture or other essential purposes appropriate to a rural area or small scale facilities for participatory sport or recreation. No such need has been proven and the present use is unacceptable in the terms of this policy.

-(a)

Cat No TOB IAC

DACORUM BOROUGH

Council

# TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

# **Enforcement Notice**

Material Change of Use

(b) LONG MEADOW FARM LEIGHTON BUZZA	RD ROAD
PICCOTTS END HEMEL HEMPSTEAD	
WHEREAS:	
(1) It appears to the(a) Dacorum Borou being the local planning authority for the pur Planning Act 1971 ("the Act") in this matter, after the end of 1963(c)	council ("the Council")  poses of section 87 of the Town and Country  that there has been a breach of planning contro
on the land or premises ("the land") described in	Schedule 1 below.
(2) The breach of planning control which are out of development by the making of the mate Schedule 2 below, without the grant of planning	ppears to have taken place consists in the carrying crial change in the use of the land described in permission required for that development.
(3) The Council consider it expedient, having plan and to all other material considerations, to powers contained in the said section 87, for the results of the said section 87.	ng regard to the provisions of the development
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Councibelow be taken [in order to remedy the breach] [16].	l require that the steps specified in Schedule 3
within [the period of six [stakes effect] [the priod sprained spra	[months] from the date on which this notice instantialistic in
on 14H Now Miles 197	to the provisions of coation 88 (10) c
Issued 104 October 1989	(Signed) Krith Hunf
Council's address — Civic Centre	(Signed)
	ignation) BOROUGH SECRETARY
Hemel Hempstead	(The officer appointed for this purpose)
Hertfordshire HP1 1HH CONTINUED OVERLEAF — P.T.O.	
(a) Insert the name of the Council issuing the notice. (b) Insert the address or a description of the land to which the notice (c) Where section 87(4)(c) of the Act applies insert "and within the p (d) See paragraph 29 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular (e) Or, as the case may be, having regard to section 87(7)(a) and (b) one of the purposes provided for in section 87, the purpose for Steps may be required as alternatives.  (f) If a single period is the prescripted by which all the	relates. eriod of 4 years before the date of issue of this notice." 57/81). of the Act. Where steps are required to be taken for more than which each step is required should be specified in Schedule 3. s must be taken, insert it here. But if a series of steps is required appropriate period should be clearly stated against each step (in

Land or premises to which this notice relates (Address or description)

> Long Meadow Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Hemel Hempstead

shown edged [red] [

on the attached plan.(h)

## SCHEDULE 2

Alleged breach of planning control (description of the material change of use alleged to have been made) (j)

> Change of use from use for agriculture to a mixed use of use for agriculture and use for stationing of a caravan used for residential purposes.

## SCHEDULE 3

Steps required to be taken.(k)

(i)

Cease the use of the land for the stationing of a caravan for residential purposes.

NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY

<sup>(</sup>h) See paragraph 31 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular 57/81).
(j) If the new use is a mixed use, include all the uses comprising that mixed use.
(k) Specify the actual steps to be taken with, if appropriate, the compliance period for each step. The requirements should be clear and precise. See also notes (e) and (f) overleaf.

## EXTRACTS from the TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

#### Power to issue enforcement notice

87.—(1) Where it appears to the local planning authority that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963, then subject to the following provisions of this section, the authority, if they consider it expedient to do so having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to any other material considerations, may issue a notice requiring the breach to be remedied and serve copies of the notice in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(2) A notice under this section is referred to in this Act as an "enforcement notice".

(3) There is a breach of planning control-

There is a breach of planning control—

(a) if development has been carried out, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, without the grant of the planning permission required in that behalf in accordance with Part III of the Act of 1962 or Part III of this Act; or (b) if any conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted have not been complied with.

(4) An enforcement notice which relates to a breach of planning control consisting in-

(a) the carrying out without planning permission of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under

(b) the failure to comply with any condition or limitation which relates to the carrying out of such operations and subject to which planning permission was granted for the development of that land; or

(c) the making without planning permission of a change of use of any building to use as a single dwelling-house; or (d) the failure to comply with a condition which prohibits or has the effect of preventing a change of use of a building to use as a single dwelling-house.

may be issued only within the period of four years from the date of the breach.

(5) A copy of an enforcement notice shall be served, not later than 28 days after the date of its issue and not later than 28 days before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect—

(a) on the owner and on the occupier of the land to which it relates; and

(b) on any other person having an interest in that land, being an interest which in the opinion of the authority is materially affected by the notice.

(6) An enforcement notice shall specify the matters alleged to constitute a breach of planning control.

(7) An enforcement notice shall also specify-

(a) any steps which are required by the authority to be taken in order to remedy the breach;

- (b) any such steps as are referred to in subsection (10) of this section and are required by the authority to be taken.

  (8) An enforcement notice shall specify the period within which any such step as is mentioned in subsection (7) of this section is to be taken and may specify different periods for the taking of different steps.
- (9) In this section "steps to be taken in order to remedy the breach" means (according to the particular circumstances of the breach) steps for the purpose-

(a) of restoring the land to its condition before the development took place; or

(b) of securing compliance with the conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted, including-

(i) the demolition or alteration of any buildings or works;

(ii) the discontinuance of any use of land; and
(iii) the carrying out on land of any building or other operations.

(10) The steps mentioned in subsection (7)(b) of this section are steps for the purpose—
(a) of making the development comply with the terms of any planning permission which has been granted in respect of the land; or

(b) of removing or alleviating any injury to amenity which has been caused by the development.

(11) Where the matters which an enforcement notice alleges to constitute a breach of planning control include development which has involved the making of a deposit of refuse or waste materials on land, the notice may require that the contour of the deposit shall be modified by altering the gradient or gradients of its sides in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(12) The Secretary of State may by regulations direct-

(a) that enforcement notices shall specify matters additional to those which they are required to specify by this section; and (b) that every copy of an enforcement notice served under this section shall be accompanied by an explanatory note giving such information as may be specified in the regulations with regard to the right of appeal conferred by section 88 of this Act.

(13) Subject to section 88 of this Act, an enforcement notice shall take effect on a date specified in it.

- (14) The local planning authority may withdraw an enforcement notice (without prejudice to their power to issue another) at any time before it takes effect.
  - (15) If they do so, they shall forthwith give notice of the withdrawal to every person who was served with a copy of the notice.

(16) Where-

(a) an enforcement notice has been issued in respect of development consisting of the erection of a building or the carrying out of works without the grant of planning permission; and

(b) the notice has required the taking of steps for a purpose mentioned in subsection (10)(b) of this section; and (c) the steps have been taken,

for the purposes of this Act planning permission for the retention of the building or works as they are as a result of compliance with the notice shall be deemed to have been granted on an application for such permission made to the local planning authority.

Appeal against enforcement notice

88.—(1) A person having an interest in the land to which an enforcement notice relates may, at any time before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect, appeal to the Secretary of State against the notice, whether or not a copy of it has been served on him.

(2) An appeal may be brought on any of the following grounds—
(a) that planning permission ought to be granted for the development to which the notice relates or, as the case may be, that a condition or limitation alleged in the enforcement notice not to have been complied with ought to be discharged; (b) that the matters alleged in the notice do not constitute a breach of planning control;

(a) that the matters alleged in the notice do not constitute a oreach of planning control;
(b) that the breach of planning control alleged in the notice has not taken place;
(c) that the breach of planning control alleged in the notice has not taken place;
(d) in the case of a notice which, by virtue of section 87(4) of this Act, may be issued within the period of four years from the date of the breach of planning control to which the notice relates, that that period had elapsed at the date when the notice was issued:

(e) in the case of a notice not falling within paragraph (d) of this subsection, that the breach of planning control alleged by the notice occurred before the beginning of 1964;

that copies of the enforcement notice were not served as required by section 87(5) of this Act; (g) that the steps required by the notice to be taken exceed what is necessary to remedy any breach of planning control or to achieve a purpose specified in section 87(10) of this Act;

(h) that the period specified in the notice as the period within which any step is to be taken falls short of what should reasonably be allowed.

(3) An appeal under this section shall be made by notice in writing to the Secretary of State.

(4) A person who gives notice under subsection (3) of this section shall submit to the Secretary of State, either when giving the notice or within such time as may be prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section\*, a statement in writing-

(a) specifying the grounds on which he is appealing against subsection (b) giving such further information as the regulations may prescribe.

(b) giving such further information as the regulations may prescribe.

(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations prescribe the procedure which is to be followed on appeals under this section, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of this subsection—

\* (a) may prescribe the time within which an appellant is to submit a statement under subsection (4) of this section and the matters on which information is to be given in such a statement;

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: The Secretary of State has specified that such a statement must be submitted to him either when the appellant is giving notice of appeal, or within 28 days from the date on which the Secretary of State conducts a notice requiring

(b) may require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the

submissions which they propose to put forward on the appeal;
(c) may specify the matters to be included in such a statement;
(d) may require the authority or the appellant to give such notice of appeal under this section as may be prescribed, being notice which in the opinion of the Secretary of State is likely to bring the appeal to the attention of persons in the locality in which the land to which the enforcement notice relates is situated;

(e) may require the authority to send to the Secretary of State, within such period from the date of the bringing of the appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons served with copies of it.

- (6) The Secretary of State-

(a) may dismiss an appeal if the appellant fails to comply with subsection (4) of this section within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5); and

(b) may allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice if the local planning authority fail to comply with any requirement of regulations, made by virtue of paragraph (b), (c) or (e) of subsection (5) of this section within the period prescribed by the regulations.

- Subject to subsection (8) below, the Secretary of State shall, if either the appellant or the local planning authority so desire afford to each of them an opportunity of appearing before, and being heard by, a person appointed by the Secretary of State for the purpose.
- (8) The Secretary of State shall not be required to afford such an opportunity if he proposes to dismiss an appeal under paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of this section or to allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice under paragraph (b) of that subsection.

(9) If-

(a) a statement under subsection (4) of this section specifies more than one ground on which the appellant is appealling against an enforcement notice; but

(b) the appellant does not give information required under paragraph (b) of that subsection to each of the specified grounds within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section, the Secretary of State may determine the appeal without considering any of the specified grounds as to which the appellant has failed to size such information within the size. to give such information within that time.

(10) Where an appeal is brought under this section, the enforcement notice shall be of no effect pending the final determination or the withdrawal of the appeal.

(11) Schedule 9 to this Act applies to appeals under this section, including appeals under this section as applied by regulations under any other provision of this Act.

88A. —(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall give directions for giving

effect to the determination, including, where appropriate, directions for quashing the enforcement notice or for varying its terms.

(2) On such an appeal the Secretary of State may correct any informality, defect or error in the enforcement notice, or give directions for varying its terms, if he is satisfied that the correction or variation can be made without injustice to the appellant or to the local planning authority.

(3) Where it would otherwise be a ground for determining such an appeal in favour of the appellant that a person required to be served with a copy of the enforcement notice was not served, the Secretary of State may disregard that fact if neither the appellant nor that person has been substantially prejudiced by the failure to serve him.

88B. —(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State may-

(a) grant planning permission for the development to which the enforcement notice relates or for part of that development or for the development of part of the land to which the enforcement notice relates;

(b) discharge any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted;

(c) determine any purpose for which the land may, in the circumstances obtaining at the time of the determination, be lawfully used having regard to any past use of it and to any planning permission relating to it.

(2) In considering whether to grant planning permission under subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall have regard to the provisions of the development plan, so far as material to the subject matter of the enforcement notice, and to any other material considerations; and any planning permission granted by him under that subsection may—

(a) include permission to retain or complete any buildings or works on the land, or to do so without complying with some

condition attached to a previous planning permission;
(b) be granted subject to such conditions as the Secretary of State thinks fit;

and where under that subsection he discharges a condition or limitation, he may substitute another condition or limitation for it, whether more or less onerous.

(3) Where an appeal against an enforcement notice is brought under section 88 of this Act, the appellant shall be deemed to have made an application for planning permission for the development to which the notice relates and, in relation to any exercise by the Secretary of State of his powers under subsection (1) of this section—

(a) any planning permission granted under that subsection shall be treated as granted on that application;

- (b) in relation to a grant of planning permission or a determination under that subsection, the Secretary of State's decision shall be final; and
- (c) for the purposes of section 34 of this Act, the decision shall be treated as having been given by the Secretary of State in dealing with an application for planning permission made to the local planning authority.
- (4) On an appeal under section 88 of this Act against an enforcement notice relating to anything done in contravention of a condition to which section 71 of this Act applies, the Secretary of State shall not be required to entertain the appeal in so far as the appellant claims that planning permission free from that condition ought to be granted.

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

- 89.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a copy of an enforcement notice has been served on the person who, at the time when the copy was served on him, was the owner of the land to which the notice relates, then, if any steps required by the notice to
- time when the copy was served on him, was the owner of the land to which the notice relates, then, if any steps required by the notice to be taken (other than the discontinuance of a use of land) have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, that person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$2,000 or on conviction on indictment to a fine.

  (2) If a person against whom proceedings are brought under subsection (1) of this section has, at some time before the end of the period allowed for compliance with the notice, ceased to be the owner of the land, he shall, upon information duly laid by him, and on giving to the prosecution not less than three clear days' notice of his intention, be entitled to have the person who then became the owner of the land (in this section referred to as "the subsequent owner") brought before the court in the proceedings.
- (3) If, after it has been proved that any steps required by the enforcement notice have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, the original defendant proves that the failure to take those steps were attributable, in whole or in part, to the default of the subsequent owner-

- (a) the subsequent owner may be convicted of the offence; and
  (b) the original defendant, if he further proves that he took all reasonable steps to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, shall be acquitted of the offence.
- (4) If, after a person has been convicted under the preceding provisons of this section, he does not as soon as practicable do everything in his power to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable—

  (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day following his first conviction on which any of the
  - requirements of the enforcement notice (other than the discontinuance of the use of land) remain unfulfilled; or

(b) on conviction on indictment to a fine.

- (5) Where, by virtue of an enforcement notice, a use of land is required to be discontinued, or any conditions or limitations are required to be complied with in respect of a use of land or in respect of the carrying out of operations thereon, then if any person uses the land or causes or permits it to be used, or carries out those operations or causes or permits them to be carried out, in contravention of the notice, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2,000, or on conviction on indictment to a fine; and if the use is continued after the conviction he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day on which the use is so continued, or on conviction on indictment to a fine.
- (6) Any reference to this section to the period allowed for compliance with an enforcement notice is a reference to the period specified in the notice for compliance therewith of such extended period as the local planning authority may allow for compliance with the notice.

# ANNEX TO ENFORCEMENT NOTICE DATED: 1016 October 1989

This information is given in pursuance of the Town and Country Planning (Enforcement Notices and Appeals) Regulations 1981 and Circular 38/81

The Council, as the local planning authority, consider it expedient to serve this Notice upon you for the following reasons(s):-

The site is within the Metropolitan Green Belt on the adopted Dacorum District Plan wherein permission will only be given for use of land, the construction of new buildings, changes of use of existing buildings for agriculture or other essential purposes appropriate to a rural area or small scale facilities for participatory sport or recreation. No such need has been proven and the present use is unacceptable in the terms of this policy.

10.

DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

THIRECTOR OF LAW AND ADMINISTRATION

My Ref. 4/1887/89 EN.
Date. 24. 1. 91.

Your Ref.

Town and country Planning Acts 1971-1977				
Planning Appeal by: R.R. SHERGELD	_	_	0 -	> - >
Appeal Site: LAND & BLDGS., LONG MEADON	عرب د	SEN'NE	HUDW 1707	esako karsta
Appeal Site: LAND 18LDqS., LONG MEADON Department of the Environment Reference: APP	0/89	A 1910	lcoooo	Ph.
	1 1		-	

- 1. I have been notified by the Department of the Environment of an Appeal concerning the above site and attach herewith:
  - (a) copy of application forms and relevant letters;
  - (b) copy of decision notice;
  - (c) facsimile of decision plan;
  - (d) the Department's notice of appeal;
  - (e) documents from appellant.
- 2. Please advise my planning information section (extensions 2576, 2577 or 2380) of your file reference number as soon as possible.
- 3. I have requested the Department to deal with this Appeal by:
  - (a) written representations:
- (b) public inquiry
- 4. The Department has confirmed that the above appeal is to be dealt with by;
  - (a) written representations:

(x) public inquiry

- 5. I attach herewith, in respect of the above appeal:
  - (a) my written observations which have been forwarded to the Department;
  - (b) my Rule 6(2)/7(1) statement, or equivalent which has been forwarded to the Department;
  - (c) a copy of the plan referred to in my observations/statement;
  - (d) a list of adjoining residents, amenity societies etc. that have been notified:
  - (e) a draft proof of evidence;
  - (f) further comments from the Appellant/Secretary of State;
  - (g) other documents.

7. I attach herewith in respect of the above appeal a copy of the Secretary of State's decision.

DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

TO COMMITTEE

# ANNEX TO ENFORCEMENT NOTICE DATED: 14 September 1989.

This information is given in pursuance of the Town and Country Planning (Enforcement Notices and Appeals) Regulations 1981 and Circular 38/81

The Council, as the local planning authority, consider it expedient to serve this Notice upon you for the following reason(s):-

The site is within the Metropolitan Green Belt on the adopted Dacorum District Plan wherein permission will only be given for use of land, the construction of new buildings, changes of use of existing buildings for agriculture or other essential purposes appropriate to a rural area or small scale facilities for participatory sport or recreation. No such need has been proven and the proposed development is unacceptable in the terms of this policy.

### IMPORTANT:- THIS COMMUNICATION AFFECTS YOUR PROPERTY

#### DACORUM BOROUGH COUNCIL

# TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

#### **ENFORCEMENT NOTICE**

Breach of Planning Condition to which the 4 Year Rule applies (Operational Development or Preventing Change of Use to Single Dwellinghouse)

Land adjoining Gristhouse Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Piccotts End Hemel Hempstead Herts

#### WHEREAS:

- (1) It appears to the Dacorum Borough Council ("the Council"), being the local planning authority for the purposes of s.87 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 ("the Act") in this matter, that there has been a breach of planning control within the period of 4 years before the date of issue of this notice on the land or premises ("the land") described in Schedule 1 below.
- (2) The breach of planning control which appears to have taken place consists in the failure to comply with the following conditions subject to which planning permission was granted on 17th March 1983 for two agricultural buildings those conditions appearing not to have been complied with in the respects set out in Schedule 2 below:

#### Condition 2

The buildings hereby permitted shall be constructed externally using the materials specified on drawing number 242/01 Rev.b or such alternative materials as shall have been previously agreed in writing by the local planning authority.

#### Condition 3

Before the buildings hereby permitted are brought into use, the rendered blockwork shall be painted in a colour which shall have been agreed in writing by the local planning authority.

## Condition 5

No work shall be started until a comprehensive scheme of landscaping for the site shall have been submitted to, and approved by, the local planning authority. This landscaping scheme shall be implemented strictly in accordance with the approved details in the first planting season following first rateable occupation of the development hereby permitted and maintained at all times thereafter to the reasonable satisfaction of the local planning authority.

(3) The Council consider it expedient, having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to all other material considerations, to issue this Enforcement Notice, in exercise of their powers contained in the said section 87, for the reasons set out in the annex to this Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council require that the steps specified in Schedule 3 below be taken in order to remedy the breach within the period specified in respect of each step in that schedule.

THIS NOTICE SHALL TAKE EFFECT, subject to the provisions of section 88(10) of the Act, on 1 St. Neverther 1985.

Issued 5th September 1985

(Signed) KeithHunt.

(Designation) BOROUGH SECRETARY

Civic Centre Marlowes Hemel Hempstead Herts

#### Land or premises to which this Notice relates

Land adjoining Gristhouse Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Piccotts End Hemel Hempstead Herts shown edged red on the attached plan.

#### SCHEDULE 2

### Alleged breach of planning control

Failure to comply with the conditions recited overleaf, with respect to the building shown as "Unit B" on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b, in that

### Condition 2

- A. Vertical dark stained boarding has not been provided to all elevations as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- B. The blockwork below the vertical boarding has not been rendered as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- C. The roof of the building has not been constructed as shown on approved plan 242/01/Rev.b. in that some dark brown corrugated asbestos cement sheeting has been omitted and roof lights have been added.

#### Condition 3

The building has been brought into use but the rendered blockwork has not been painted in a colour which has been agreed with the local planning authority.

#### Condition 5

No comprehensive scheme of landscaping has been submitted for the approval of the local planning authority.

#### Steps to be taken

## Period for Compliance

Unless otherwise stated the period run from the date on which this notice takes effect

### Condition 2

- A. To provide vertical dark stained boarding to all elevations as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- 3 months
- B. To render the blockwork below the vertical boarding as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.
- 3 months
- C. To remove existing roof lights and replace with corrugated asbestos sheets and paint all roofing materials dark brown BS 08B29 as shown on approved plan 242/01 Rev.b.

3 months

#### Condition 3

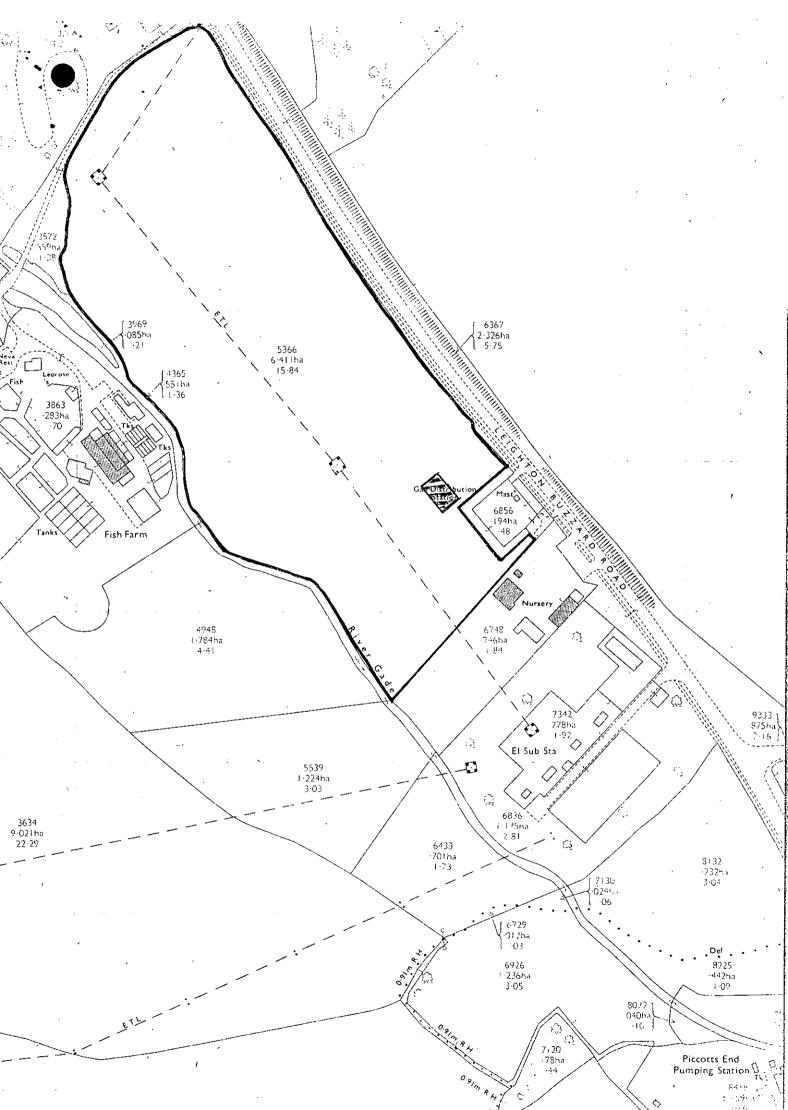
To paint the blockwork in the approved colour BS 10B21.

3 months

## Condition 5

- A. To submit a comprehensive scheme of land-scaping for approval by the local planning authority.
- 2 months
- B. To implement the approved scheme of landscaping strictly in accordance with the approved details.

During the first planting season following the date on which this Notice takes effect.



## ANNEX TO ENFORCEMENT NOTICE DATED: 5TH SEPTEMBER 1985

This information is given in pursuance of the Town and Country Planning (Enforcement Notices and Appeals) Regulations 1981 and Circular 38/81.

The Council, as the Local Planning Authority, consider it expedient to serve this Notice upon you for the following reason:-

The development which is the subject of this Notice lies in an area of great landscape value, in a visually important part of the Gade Valley. Because of the environmentally sensitive nature of the site, an Article 4 Direction has been made affecting development within Class VI of Schedule I to the Town and Country Planning General Development Order 1977, to enable the local planning authority to control the location, design and external appearance of agricultural buildings. Particular care was exercised over these matters in dealing with application 4/0072/83, and the local planning authority considered that it was necessary to impose a number of conditions on the planning permission that was granted to ensure that the development would be visually and environmentally satisfactory. In view of the importance attached to these conditions, the local planning authority considers that it is expedient to take enforcement action to ensure that they are complied with.

JGV/JMS/ENF.NTC/2447/249/BS5/7.85

## EXTRACTS from the TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

#### Power to issue enforcement notice

87.—(1) Where it appears to the local planning authority that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963, then subject to the following provisions of this section, the authority, if they consider it expedient to do so having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to any other material considerations, may issue a notice requiring the breach to be remedied and serve copies of the notice in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(2) A notice under this section is referred to in this Act as an "enforcement notice".

(3) There is a breach of planning control-

(a) if development has been carried out, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, without the grant of the planning permission required in that behalf in accordance with Part III of the Act of 1962 or Part III of this Act; or (b) if any conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted have not been complied with.

(4) An enforcement notice which relates to a breach of planning control consisting in-

(a) the carrying out without planning permission of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land; or

(b) the failure to comply with any condition or limitation which relates to the carrying out of such operations and subject to which planning permission was granted for the development of that land; or

(c) the making without planning permission of a change of use of any building to use as a single dwelling-house; or

(d) the failure to comply with a condition which prohibits or has the effect of preventing a change of use of a building to use as a single dwelling-house.

may be issued only within the period of four years from the date of the breach.

(5) A copy of an enforcement notice shall be served, not later than 28 days after the date of its issue and not later than 28 days before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect—

(a) on the owner and on the occupier of the land to which it relates; and

(b) on any other person having an interest in that land, being an interest which in the opinion of the authority is materially affected by the notice.

(6) An enforcement notice shall specify the matters alleged to constitute a breach of planning control.

An enforcement notice shall also specify-

(a) any steps which are required by the authority to be taken in order to remedy the breach;

- (b) any such steps as are referred to in subsection (10) of this section and are required by the authority to be taken.

  (8) An enforcement notice shall specify the period within which any such step as is mentioned in subsection (7) of this section is to be taken and may specify different periods for the taking of different steps.
- (9) In this section "steps to be taken in order to remedy the breach" means (according to the particular circumstances of the breach) steps for the purpose

(a) of restoring the land to its condition before the development took place; or

(b) of securing compliance with the conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted. including

(i) the demolition or alteration of any buildings or works;

(ii) the discontinuance of any use of land; and

(fii) the carrying out on land of any building or other operations.

(10) The steps mentioned in subsection (7)(b) of this section are steps for the purpose— (a) of making the development comply with the terms of any planning permission which has been granted in respect of the

(b) of removing or alleviating any injury to amenity which has been caused by the development.

(11) Where the matters which an enforcement notice alleges to constitute a breach of planning control include development which has involved the making of a deposit of refuse or waste materials on land, the notice may require that the contour of the deposit shall be modified by altering the gradient or gradients of its sides in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(12) The Secretary of State may by regulations direct—

(a) that enforcement notices shall specify matters additional to those which they are required to specify by this section; and that every copy of an enforcement notice served under this section shall be accompanied by an explanatory note giving such information as may be specified in the regulations with regard to the right of appeal conferred by section 88 of this Act.

(13) Subject to section 88 of this Act, an enforcement notice shall take effect on a date specified in it.

- (14) The local planning authority may withdraw an enforcement notice (without prejudice to their power to issue another) at any time before it takes effect.
  - (15) If they do so, they shall forthwith give notice of the withdrawal to every person who was served with a copy of the notice.

(16) Where-

(a) an enforcement notice has been issued in respect of development consisting of the erection of a building or the carrying out of works without the grant of planning permission; and

(b) the notice has required the taking of steps for a purpose mentioned in subsection (10)(b) of this section; and

(c) the steps have been taken,

for the purposes of this Act planning permission for the retention of the building or works as they are as a result of compliance with the notice shall be deemed to have been granted on an application for such permission made to the local planning authority.

Appeal against enforcement notice

88.—(i) A person having an interest in the land to which an enforcement notice relates may, at any time before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect, appeal to the Secretary of State against the notice, whether or not a copy of it has been served on him.

(2) An appeal may be brought on any of the following grounds—
(a) that planning permission ought to be granted for the development to which the notice relates or, as the case may be, that a condition or limitation alleged in the enforcement notice not to have been complied with ought to be discharged;

(b) that the matters alleged in the notice do not constitute a breach of planning control;

 (c) that the breach of planning control alleged in the notice has not taken place;
 (d) in the case of a notice which, by virtue of section 87(4) of this Act, may be issued within the period of four years from the date of the breach of planning control to which the notice relates, that that period had elapsed at the date when the notice was issued: (e) in the case of a notice not falling within paragraph (d) of this subsection, that the breach of planning control alleged by

the notice occurred before the beginning of 1964;

) that copies of the enforcement notice were not served as required by section 87(5) of this Act; (g) that the steps required by the notice to be taken exceed what is necessary to remedy any breach of planning control or to achieve a purpose specified in section 87(10) of this Act;

(h) that the period specified in the notice as the period within which any step is to be taken falls short of what should reason-

ably be allowed. (3) An appeal under this section shall be made by notice in writing to the Secretary of State.

(4) A person who gives notice under subsection (3) of this section shall submit to the Secretary of State, either when giving the notice or within such time as may be prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section\*, a statement in writing—
(a) specifying the grounds on which he is appealing against the enforcement notice; and

(b) giving such further information as the regulations may prescribe.(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations prescribe the procedure which is to be followed on appeals under this section, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of this subsection—

\* (a) may prescribe the time within which an appellant is to submit a statement under subsection (4) of this section and the

matters on which information is to be given in such a statement;

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: The Secretary of State has specified that such a statement must be submitted to him either when the appellant is giving notice of appeal, or within 28 days from the date on which the Secretary of State sends the appellant a notice requiring such a statement to be submitted.

(b) may require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the submissions which they propose to put forward on the appeal; (c) may specify the matters to be included in such a statement; (d) may require the authority or the appellant to give such notice of appeal under this section as may be prescribed, being notice which in the opinion of the Secretary of State is likely to bring the appeal to the attention of persons in the locality in which the land to which the enforcement notice relates is situated; (e) may require the authority to send to the Secretary of State, within such period from the date of the bringing of the appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons served with copies of it. (6) The Secretary of State-(a) may dismiss an appeal if the appellant fails to comply with subsection (4) of this section within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5); and (b) may allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice if the local planning authority fail to comply with any requirement of regulations made by virtue of paragraph (b), (c) or (e) of subsection (5) of this section within the period prescribed by the (7) Subject to subsection (8) below, the Secretary of State shall, if either the appellant or the local planning authority so desire, afford to each of them an opportunity of appearing before, and being heard by, a person appointed by the Secretary of State for the (8) The Secretary of State shall not be required to afford such an opportunity if he proposes to dismiss an appeal under paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of this section or to allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice under paragraph (b) of that subsection. (9) If--(a) a statement under subsection (4) of this section specifies more than one ground on which the appellant is appealling against an enforcement notice; but (b) the appellant does not give information required under paragraph (b) of that subsection to each of the specified

grounds within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section

the Secretary of State may determine the appeal without considering any of the specified grounds as to which the appellant has failed to give such information within that time.

(10) Where an appeal is brought under this section, the enforcement notice shall be of no effect pending the final determination or the withdrawal of the appeal.

(11) Schedule 9 to this Act applies to appeals under this section, including appeals under this section as applied by regulations under any other provision of this Act.

88A.—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall give directions for giving effect to the determination, including, where appropriate, directions for quashing the enforcement notice or for varying its terms.

(2) On such an appeal the Secretary of State may correct any informality, defect or error in the enforcement notice, or give directions for varying its terms, if he is satisfied that the correction or variation can be made without injustice to the appellant or to the local planning authority.

(3) Where it would otherwise be a ground for determining such an appeal in favour of the appellant that a person required to be served with a copy of the enforcement notice was not served, the Secretary of State may disregard that fact if neither the appellant nor that person has been substantially prejudiced by the failure to serve him.

88B,—(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State may-

(a) grant planning permission for the development to which the enforcement notice relates or for part of that development or for the development of part of the land to which the enforcement notice relates;

(b) discharge any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted;

(c) determine any purpose for which the land may, in the circumstances obtaining at the time of the determination, be lawfully used having regard to any past use of it and to any planning permission relating to it.

(2) In considering whether to grant planning permission under subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall have regard to the provisions of the development plan, so far as material to the subject matter of the enforcement notice, and to any other material considerations; and any planning permission granted by him under that subsection may-

(a) include permission to retain or complete any buildings or works on the land, or to do so without complying with some

condition attached to a previous planning permission;
(b) be granted subject to such conditions as the Secretary of State thinks fit;

and where under that subsection he discharges a condition or limitation, he may substitute another condition or limitation for it, whether more or less onerous.

(3) Where an appeal against an enforcement notice is brought under section 88 of this Act, the appellant shall be deemed to have made an application for planning permission for the development to which the notice relates and, in relation to any exercise by the Secretary of State of his powers under subsection (1) of this section—

(a) any planning permission granted under that subsection shall be treated as granted on that application;

(b) in relation to a grant of planning permission or a determination under that subsection, the Secretary of State's decision shall be final; and

(c) for the purposes of section 34 of this Act, the decision shall be treated as having been given by the Secretary of State in dealing with an application for planning permission made to the local planning authority.

(4) On an appeal under section 88 of this Act against an enforcement notice relating to anything done in contravention of a condition to which section 71 of this Act applies, the Secretary of State shall not be required to entertain the appeal in so far as the appellant claims that planning permission free from that condition ought to be granted.

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

89.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a copy of an enforcement notice has been served on the person who, at the time when the copy was served on him, was the owner of the land to which the notice relates, then, if any steps required by the notice to be taken (other than the discontinuance of a use of land) have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, that person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £1,000 or on conviction on indictment to a fine.

(2) If a person against whom proceedings are brought under subsection (1) of this section has, at some time before the end of the period allowed for compliance with the notice, ceased to be the owner of the land, he shall, upon information duly laid by him, and on giving to the prosecution not less than three clear days' notice of his intention, be entitled to have the person who then became the owner of the land (in this section referred to as "the subsequent owner") brought before the court in the proceedings.

(3) If, after it has been proved that any steps required by the enforcement notice have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, the original defendant proves that the failure to take those steps were attributable, in whole or in part, to the default of the subsequent owner-

(a) the subsequent owner may be convicted of the offence; and
(b) the original defendant, if he further proves that he took all reasonable steps to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, shall be acquitted of the offence.

(4) If, after a person has been convicted under the preceding provisons of this section, he does not as soon as practicable do everything in his power to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable—

(a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day following his first conviction on which any of the requirements of the enforcement notice (other than the discontinuance of the use of land) remain unfulfilled; or

(b) on conviction on indictment to a fine.

(5) Where, by virtue of an enforcement notice, a use of land is required to be discontinued, or any conditions or limitations are required to be complied with in respect of a use of land or in respect of the carrying out of operations thereon, then if any person uses the land or causes or permits it to be used, or carries out those operations or causes or permits them to be carried out, in contravention of the notice, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeing £1,000, or on conviction on indictment to a fine; and if the use is continued after the conviction he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day on which the use is so continued, or on conviction on indictment to a fine.

(6) Any reference to this section to the period allowed for compliance with an enforcement notice is a reference to the period specified in the notice for compliance therewith of such extended period as the local planning authority may allow for compliance with the notice.

Note.—Attention is also directed to section 91 relating to the execution and costs of works required by enforcement notice, section 110 which contains supplementary provisions as to appeals to the Secretary of State and section 243 relating to the validity of Enforcement Notices.

(a)

DACORUM BOROUGH

Council

## TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

## **Enforcement Notice**

Material Change of Use

(b) LONG MEADOW FARM LEIGHTON BUZZARD ROAD
PICCOTTS END HEMEL HEMPSTEAD
WHEREAS:
(1) It appears to the (a) Dacorum Borough Council ("the Council"), being the local planning authority for the purposes of section 87 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 ("the Act") in this matter, that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963 (c)
on the land or premises ("the land") described in Schedule 1 below.
(2) The breach of planning control which appears to have taken place consists in the carrying out of development by the making of the material change in the use of the land described in Schedule 2 below, without the grant of planning permission required for that development.
(3) The Council consider it expedient, having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to all other material considerations, to issue this enforcement notice, in exercise of their powers contained in the said section 87, for the reasons set out in [the annex to] this notice. (d)
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council require that the steps specified in Schedule 3 below be taken [in order to remedy the breach] [(e)
within [the period of six [days] [months] from the date on which this notice akes effect] [that principle discover provide activates in the date on which this notice
THIS NOTICE SHALL TAKE EFFECT, subject to the provisions of section 88 (10) of the Act, on 14H November 1979. (8)
Council's address — (Signed) Krim Humf
Council's address — (Signed) (Signed)
Marlowes (Designation) BOROUGH SECRETARY
demel Hempstead (The officer appointed for this purpose) dertfordshire HPl 1HH  CONTINUED OVERLEAF — P.T.O.
NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY

(a) Insert the name of the Council issuing the notice.
(b) Insert the address or a description of the land to which the notice relates.
(c) Where section 87(4)(c) of the Act applies insert "and within the period of 4 years before the date of issue of this notice."
(d) See paragraph 29 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular 57/81).
(e) Or, as the case may be, having regard to section 87(7)(a) and (b) of the Act. Where steps are required to be taken for more than Steps may be required as alternatives.
(f) If a single period is to be specified, by which all the required steps must be taken, insert it here. But if a series of steps is required columns if more suitable) in Schedule 3.
(g) The date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the capital of the next in the series of the next in the series of the next in the color of the next in the capital stated against each step (in the date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the capital of the next in the capital stated against each step (in the date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the capital of the next in the capital stated against each step (in the date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the capital of the next in the capital stated against each step (in the date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the capital of the next in the capital stated against each step (in the date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the capital of the next in the capital stated against each step (in the date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the capital stated against each step (in the capital stated agai

(g) The date selected must be not less than 28 clear days after all the copies of the notice will have been served (see section 87(5) of the Act).

Car Na TODIA

Land or premises to which this notice relates (Address or description)

> Long Meadow Farm Leighton Buzzard Road Hemel Hempstead

shown edged [red] [

] on the attached plan. (h)

## SCHEDULE 2

Alleged breach of planning control (description of the material change of use alleged to have been made) (j)

> Change of use from use for agriculture to a mixed use of use for agriculture and use for stationing of a caravan used for residential purposes.

## SCHEDULE 3

Steps required to be taken.(k)

(i)

Cease the use of the land for the stationing of a caravan for residential purposes.

## NOTES TO THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY

<sup>(</sup>h) See paragraph 31 of DOE Circular 38/81 (Welsh Office Circular 57/81).
(j) If the new use is a mixed use, include all the uses comprising that mixed use.
(k) Specify the actual steps to be taken with, if appropriate, the compliance period for each step. The requirements should be clear and precise. See also notes (e) and (f) overleaf.

## EXTRACTS from the TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1971 (as amended)

#### Power to issue enforcement notice

87.—(1) Where it appears to the local planning authority that there has been a breach of planning control after the end of 1963, then subject to the following provisions of this section, the authority, if they consider it expedient to do so having regard to the provisions of the development plan and to any other material considerations, may issue a notice requiring the breach to be remedied and serve copies of the notice in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(2) A notice under this section is referred to in this Act as an "enforcement notice".

(3) There is a breach of planning control-

(a) if development has been carried out, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, without the grant of the planning permission required in that behalf in accordance with Part III of the Act of 1962 or Part III of this Act; or (b) if any conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted have not been complied with.

(4) An enforcement notice which relates to a breach of planning control consisting in-

(a) the carrying out without planning permission of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land; or

(b) the failure to comply with any condition or limitation which relates to the carrying out of such operations and subject to which planning permission was granted for the development of that land; or

(c) the making without planning permission of a change of use of any building to use as a single dwelling-house; or (d) the failure to comply with a condition which prohibits or has the effect of preventing a change of use of a building to use as a single dwelling-house.

may be issued only within the period of four years from the date of the breach.

(5) A copy of an enforcement notice shall be served, not later than 28 days after the date of its issue and not later than 28 days before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect—

(a) on the owner and on the occupier of the land to which it relates; and

(b) on any other person having an interest in that land, being an interest which in the opinion of the authority is materially affected by the notice.

(6) An enforcement notice shall specify the matters alleged to constitute a breach of planning control.

(7) An enforcement notice shall also specify-

(a) any steps which are required by the authority to be taken in order to remedy the breach;

(b) any such steps as are referred to in subsection (10) of this section and are required by the authority to be taken.

(8) An enforcement notice shall specify the period within which any such step as is mentioned in subsection (7) of this section is to be taken and may specify different periods for the taking of different steps.

(9) In this section "steps to be taken in order to remedy the breach" means (according to the particular circumstances of the breach) steps for the purpose-

(a) of restoring the land to its condition before the development took place; or

(b) of securing compliance with the conditions or limitations subject to which planning permission was granted, including-

(i) the demolition or alteration of any buildings or works;

(ii) the discontinuance of any use of land; and
(iii) the carrying out on land of any building or other operations.

(10) The steps mentioned in subsection (7)(b) of this section are steps for the purpose— (a) of making the development comply with the terms of any planning permission which has been granted in respect of the land: or

(b) of removing or alleviating any injury to amenity which has been caused by the development.

(11) Where the matters which an enforcement notice alleges to constitute a breach of planning control include development which has involved the making of a deposit of refuse or waste materials on land, the notice may require that the contour of the deposit shall be modified by altering the gradient or gradients of its sides in such manner as may be specified in the notice.

(12) The Secretary of State may by regulations direct -

(a) that enforcement notices shall specify matters additional to those which they are required to specify by this section; and (b) that every copy of an enforcement notice served under this section shall be accompanied by an explanatory note giving such information as may be specified in the regulations with regard to the right of appeal conferred by section 88 of this Act.

(13) Subject to section 88 of this Act, an enforcement notice shall take effect on a date specified in it.

- (14) The local planning authority may withdraw an enforcement notice (without prejudice to their power to issue another) at any time before it takes effect.
  - (15) If they do so, they shall forthwith give notice of the withdrawal to every person who was served with a copy of the notice.

(16) Where-

(a) an enforcement notice has been issued in respect of development consisting of the erection of a building or the carrying out of works without the grant of planning permission; and

(b) the notice has required the taking of steps for a purpose mentioned in subsection (10)(b) of this section; and (c) the steps have been taken.

for the purposes of this Act planning permission for the retention of the building or works as they are as a result of compliance with the notice shall be deemed to have been granted on an application for such permission made to the local planning authority.

Appeal against enforcement notice

88.—(1) A person having an interest in the land to which an enforcement notice relates may, at any time before the date specified in the notice as the date on which it is to take effect, appeal to the Secretary of State against the notice, whether or not a copy of it has been served on him.

(2) An appeal may be brought on any of the following grounds—

(a) that planning permission ought to be granted for the development to which the notice relates or, as the case may be, that a condition or limitation alleged in the enforcement notice not to have been complied with ought to be discharged;

(b) that the matters alleged in the notice do not constitute a breach of planning control; (c) that the breach of planning control alleged in the notice has not taken place;

(d) in the case of a notice which, by virtue of section 87(4) of this Act, may be issued within the period of four years from the date of the breach of planning control to which the notice relates, that that period had elapsed at the date when the notice was issued; (e) in the case of a notice not falling within paragraph (d) of this subsection, that the breach of planning control alleged by the notice occurred before the beginning of 1964;

) that copies of the enforcement notice were not served as required by section 87(5) of this Act;

(g) that the steps required by the notice to be taken exceed what is necessary to remedy any breach of planning control or to achieve a purpose specified in section 87(10) of this Act;

(h) that the period specified in the notice as the period within which any step is to be taken falls short of what should reasonably be allowed.

(3) An appeal under this section shall be made by notice in writing to the Secretary of State.
(4) A person who gives notice under subsection (3) of this section shall submit to the Secretary of State, either when giving the notice or within such time as may be prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section\*, a statement in writing-

(a) specifying the grounds on which he is appealing against the enforcement notice; and

(b) giving such further information as the regulations may prescribe.

(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations prescribe the procedure which is to be followed on appeals under this section, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of this subsection—

• (a) may prescribe the time within which an appellant is to submit a statement under subsection (4) of this section and the matters on which information is to be given in such a statement;

(b) may require the local planning authority to submit, within such time as may be prescribed, a statement indicating the submissions which they propose to put forward on the appeal;

(c) may specify the matters to be included in such a statement;

- (d) may require the authority or the appellant to give such notice of appeal under this section as may be prescribed, being notice which in the opinion of the Secretary of State is likely to bring the appeal to the attention of persons in the locality in which the land to which the enforcement notice relates is situated;
- (e) may require the authority to send to the Secretary of State, within such period from the date of the bringing of the appeal as may be prescribed, a copy of the enforcement notice and a list of the persons served with copies of it.

(6) The Secretary of State-

(a) may dismiss an appeal if the appellant fails to comply with subsection (4) of this section within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5); and

(b) may allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice if the local planning authority fail to comply with any requirement of regulations, made by virtue of paragraph (b), (c) or (e) of subsection (5) of this section within the period prescribed by the regulations.

Subject to subsection (8) below, the Secretary of State shall, if either the appellant or the local planning authority so desire afford to each of them an opportunity of appearing before, and being heard by, a person appointed by the Secretary of State for the purpose.

(8) The Secretary of State shall not be required to afford such an opportunity if he proposes to dismiss an appeal under paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of this section or to allow an appeal and quash the enforcement notice under paragraph (b) of that subsection.

(9) If-

(a) a statement under subsection (4) of this section specifies more than one ground on which the appellant is appealling against an enforcement notice; but

(b) the appellant does not give information required under paragraph (b) of that subsection to each of the specified grounds within the time prescribed by regulations under subsection (5) of this section, the Secretary of State may determine the appeal without considering any of the specified grounds as to which the appellant has failed to give such information within that time.

(10) Where an appeal is brought under this section, the enforcement notice shall be of no effect pending the final determination or the withdrawal of the appeal.

(11) Schedule 9 to this Act applies to appeals under this section, including appeals under this section as applied by regulations under any other provision of this Act.

88A -- (1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State shall give directions for giving

effect to the determination, including, where appropriate, directions for quashing the enforcement notice or for varying its terms.

(2) On such an appeal the Secretary of State may correct any informality, defect or error in the enforcement notice, or give directions for varying its terms, if he is satisfied that the correction or variation can be made without injustice to the appellant or to the local planning authority.

(3) Where it would otherwise be a ground for determining such an appeal in favour of the appellant that a person required to be served with a copy of the enforcement notice was not served, the Secretary of State may disregard that fact if neither the appellant nor that person has been substantially prejudiced by the failure to serve him.

88B. —(1) On the determination of an appeal under section 88 of this Act, the Secretary of State may-

(a) grant planning permission for the development to which the enforcement notice relates or for part of that development or for the development of part of the land to which the enforcement notice relates;

(b) discharge any condition or limitation subject to which planning permission was granted;

(c) determine any purpose for which the land may, in the circumstances obtaining at the time of the determination, be lawfully used having regard to any past use of it and to any planning permission relating to it.

(2) In considering whether to grant planning permission under subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall have regard to the provisions of the development plan, so far as material to the subject matter of the enforcement notice, and to any other material considerations; and any planning permission granted by him under that subsection may—

(a) include permission to retain or complete any buildings or works on the land, or to do so without complying with some

condition attached to a previous planning permission;
(b) be granted subject to such conditions as the Secretary of State thinks fit;

and where under that subsection he discharges a condition or limitation, he may substitute another condition or limitation for it, whether more or less onerous.

(3) Where an appeal against an enforcement notice is brought under section 88 of this Act, the appellant shall be deemed to have made an application for planning permission for the development to which the notice relates and, in relation to any exercise by the Secretary of State of his powers under subsection (1) of this section—

(a) any planning permission granted under that subsection shall be treated as granted on that application;

(b) in relation to a grant of planning permission or a determination under that subsection, the Secretary of State's decision

shall be final; and

(c) for the purposes of section 34 of this Act, the decision shall be treated as having been given by the Secretary of State in dealing with an application for planning permission made to the local planning authority

(4) On an appeal under section 88 of this Act against an enforcement notice relating to anything done in contravention of a condition to which section 71 of this Act applies, the Secretary of State shall not be required to entertain the appeal in so far as the appellant claims that planning permission free from that condition ought to be granted.

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

Penalties for non-compliance with enforcement notice

89.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a copy of an enforcement notice has been served on the person who, at the time when the copy was served on him, was the owner of the land to which the notice relates, then, if any steps required by the notice to be taken (other than the discontinuance of a use of land) have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, that person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding£2,000 or on conviction on indictment to a fine.

(2) If a person against whom proceedings are brought under subsection (1) of this section has, at some time before the end of the period allowed for compliance with the notice, ceased to be the owner of the land, he shall, upon information duly laid by him, and on giving to the prosecution not less than three clear days' notice of his intention, be entitled to have the person who then became the owner of the land (in this section referred to as "the subsequent owner") brought before the court in the proceedings.

(3) If, after it has been proved that any steps required by the enforcement notice have not been taken within the period allowed for compliance with the notice, the original defendant proves that the failure to take those steps were attributable, in whole or in part, to the default of the subsequent owner

- (a) the subsequent owner may be convicted of the offence; and
  (b) the original defendant, if he further proves that he took all reasonable steps to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, shall be acquitted of the offence.
- (4) If, after a person has been convicted under the preceding provisons of this section, he does not as soon as practicable do everything in his power to secure compliance with the enforcement notice, he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable—

  (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day following his first conviction on which any of the

requirements of the enforcement notice (other than the discontinuance of the use of land) remain unfulfilled; or

(b) on conviction on indictment to a fine.

- (5) Where, by virtue of an enforcement notice, a use of land is required to be discontinued, or any conditions or limitations are required to be complied with in respect of a use of land or in respect of the carrying out of operations thereon, then if any person uses the land or causes or permits it to be used, or carries out those operations or causes or permits them to be carried out, in contravention of the notice, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2,000, or on conviction on indictment to a fine; and if the use is continued after the conviction he shall be guilty of a further offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 for each day on which the use is so continued, or on conviction on indictment to a fine.
- (6) Any reference to this section to the period allowed for compliance with an enforcement notice is a reference to the period specified in the notice for compliance therewith of such extended period as the local planning authority may allow for compliance with the notice.

# ANNEX TO ENFORCEMENT NOTICE DATED: 1016 October 1759

This information is given in pursuance of the Town and Country Planning (Enforcement Notices and Appeals) Regulations 1981 and Circular 38/81

The Council, as the local planning authority, consider it expedient to serve this Notice upon you for the following reasons(s):-

The site is within the Metropolitan Green Belt on the adopted Dacorum District Plan wherein permission will only be given for use of land, the construction of new buildings, changes of use of existing buildings for agriculture or other essential purposes appropriate to a rural area or small scale facilities for participatory sport or recreation. No such need has been proven and the present use is unacceptable in the terms of this policy.