TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING ACTS, 1971 and 1972



## DACORUM BOROUGH COUNCIL

10	5 Copper Beech Close					
	Boxmoor					
	Hemel Hempstead					
	Herts					

Detached Dwelling (Outline)	
	Brief
at Adj. 5 Copper Beech Close, Hemel Hempstead	description and location
··············	of proposed development.

The reasons for the Council's decision to refuse permission for the development are:-

The Council considers that the proposal would have a seriously detrimental effect on a group of trees adjoining the site which are covered by a Tree Preservation Order. The proposal will necessitate considerable lopping of those trees and may ultimately result in their removal resulting in significant detriment to the amenities of the locality.

Dated	28	day of	August	 87
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Signed..

SEE NOTES OVERLEAF

P/D.15

Chief Planning Officer

## NOTE

- If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local 1. planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment, in accordance with s.36 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971, within six months of receipt of this notice. (Appeals must be made on a form obtainable from the Secretary of State for the Environment, Tollgate House, Houlton Street, Bristol, BS2 9DJ). Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of The Secretary of State is not required to entertain appeal. an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order.
- 2. If permission to develop land is refused, or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the Borough Council in which the land is situated, a purchase notice requiring that Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part IX of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971.
- In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in s.169 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971.

The reasons for the local planning authority's decision to grant permission for the development subject to the above conditions are:-

- To comply with the provisions of Regulation 5(2) of the Town and Country Planning General Development Order, 1973, as amended.
- To comply with the requirements of Section 42 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1971. 2.

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Dated	day of
	Signed
	- Jamesona K
	Designation CHLEF. PLANTING. CFELCEN

## NOTE

If the applicant wishes to have an explanation of the reasons for this decision it will be given on request and a meeting (1) arranged if necessary.

If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with section 36 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 within six months of receipt of this notice. (Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Department of the Environment, Caxton House, Tothill Street, London SW1H 9LZ)The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements (a), to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

(3) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment, and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the county borough, London borough or county district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part IX of the Town and County Planning Act 1971.

In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 169 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971.

The statutory requirements are those set out in section 36(7) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971, namely sections 29(1), 30(1), 67 and 74 of the Act.