

TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING ACTS, 1971 and 1972

THE DISTRICT COUNCIL OF DACORUM
IN THE COUNTY OF HERTFORD

To

A. A. T. Honour, Esq.,
22 Sykeings,
Richings Park,
IVER,
Bucks.

Messrs. Flatt & Mead,
102 High Street,
BOVINGDON,
Hemel Hempstead,
Herts.

..... Replacement dwelling - OUTLINE	Brief description and location of proposed development.
.....	
at "Goldcroft", Gaddesden Hall Farm, Water End.	

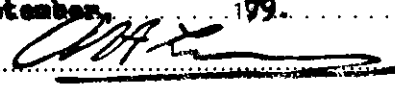
In pursuance of their powers under the above-mentioned Acts and the Orders and Regulations for the time being in force thereunder, the Council hereby permit, in accordance with the provisions of Article 5(2) of the Town and Country Planning General Development Order, 1977, ~~as amended~~, the development proposed by you in your outline application dated 24th July, 1979, and received with sufficient particulars on 2nd August, 1979, and shown on the plan(s) accompanying such application, subject to the following conditions:-

- Landscaping*
- 1 The development hereby permitted shall not be carried out otherwise than in accordance with detailed plans and drawings showing the siting, layout, design and external appearance of the building(s) and the means of access thereto which shall have been approved by the local planning authority, or in default of agreement by the Minister of Housing and Local Government before any development is commenced.
 - 2.1 (a) Application for approval in respect of all matters reserved in Condition 1 above shall be made to the local planning authority within a period of 3 years commencing on the date of this notice.
(b) The development to which this permission relates shall be begun by not later than whichever is the later of the following dates:-
 - (i) the expiration of a period of 3 years, commencing on the date of this notice.
 - (ii) the expiration of a period of 2 years commencing on the date upon which final approval is given by the local planning authority or by the Minister or, in the case of approval given on different dates, the final approval of the last such matter to be approved by the local planning authority or by the Minister.
 - 3 The new dwelling shall be in replacement for the existing dwelling, which is first to be demolished, and the scale and size of the replacement dwelling shall be comparable with the existing property.

The reasons for the local planning authority's decision to grant permission for the development subject to the above conditions are:-

1. To comply with the provisions of Regulation 5(2) of the Town and Country Planning General Development Order, 1977, ~~as amended by the Town and Country Planning General Development (Amendment) Orders 1973 to 1974.~~
2. To comply with the requirements of Section 41 of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1971.
3. **The site is within an area where there is a presumption against further development and this permission is granted only for the replacement of an existing dwelling which will not have an adverse effect on the rural character of the area.**

Dated **13th** day of . . . **September** **1979**

Signed. 

Designatio**Director of Technical Services.**

NOTE

(1) If the applicant wishes to have an explanation of the reasons for this decision it will be given on request and a meeting arranged if necessary.

(2) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with section 36 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 within six months of receipt of this notice. (Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Department of the Environment, Caxton House, Tothill Street, London SW1H 9LZ.) The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements (a), to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

(3) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment, and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the county borough, London borough or county district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part IX of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971.

(4) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 169 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 36(7) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971, namely sections 29(1), 30(1), 67 and 74 of the Act.