TOWN &	COUNTRY PLANNING ACTS, 1971 and 1	Town Place Ref. No Other Ref. No	// / 2 / / 2 /
	COUNTY OF HERTFORD	CORUM	
61	High Street mel Hempstead	Mr J C A Procto PO Box 226 Berkhamsted HP4 1NH	•
at 61	rmation.of.two.flats.from.existing.c		Brief description and location of proposed development.
being in fordated	ersuance of their powers under the above-mentioned orce thereunder, the Council hereby permit the device	er 1987t to the following condi	you in your application tions:—
(2)	The materials used externally shall those on the existing building of v form a part.	match both in which this devel	colour and texture opment shall
(3)	Before development is commenced a sand approved by the local planning by which sound transmission between shall be resisted. Such scheme as prior to occupation of the flats he	authority illus n floors and adj is approved sha	oining properties 11 be implemented

The reasons for the Council's decision to grant permission for the development subject to the above conditions are: -

- To comply with the requirements of Section 41 of the Town & Country Planning Act, 1971.
- (2) To ensure a satisfactory appearance.
- (3) To ensure an adequate standard of sound attenuation.

Dated	14	day of	January	19.88

Designation ... CHIEF. PLANNING ... QFFICER

NOTE

(1) If the applicant wishes to have an explanation of the reasons for this decision it will be given on request and a meeting

(2) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the or proposed development, or to grant permission or approval for the Environment, in accordance with section 36 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971, within six months of receipt of this notice. Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Secretary of State for the Environment, Marsham Street, London, S.W.1.) The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not have been greated by the local planning authority or could not be permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or could not be permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or could not be permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or required to permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or required to permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or required to permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or required to permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or required to permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or required to permission or approach to the proposed planning authority or required to permission or approach to the proposed p development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order.

(3) If permission to develop land is refused, or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the county barough, London borough or county district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in

(4) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 169 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1971.